

THE GETTYSBURG TIMES.

THIRTEENTH YEAR

GETTYSBURG, PA., WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 18, 1915.

PRICE TWO CENTS.

150 Pairs Women's Table Oxfords at 88c, 98, \$1.48

BETTER SIZES THAN USUALLY FOUND IN THE BROKEN LOTS.

A Few Pairs Men's and Children's Oxfords On Tables Too.

Besides This, Every Pair of Oxfords in the Store is Reduced Not Less Than 10 PER CENT. and Many Lots of Snappy Goods of This Year 20 and 30 PER CENT OFF.

Eckert's Store

PHOTOPLAY

"THE COWARD"

THREE REEL ESSANAY

One of the greatest psychological problem plays ever presented. It bares the bitterest battle with conscience of a man born to cowardice. Sheldon Lewis and Nell Craig, as the leading characters, bring out these emotions with exceptional clarity.

INDISCRETION LUBIN
A very pretty story of the love of a flower shop girl who with indiscretion falls in love with one of her patrons, but she wins out. With LOUISE HUFF AND EDGAR JONES IN THE CAST.

ADMISSION 5C TO ALL.

SHOW STARTS TO-NIGHT AT 6:30. The LUBIN will be run on the half hour and the feature will start on the quarter of each hour.

TO-MORROW:—CHARLIE CHAPLIN IN A KEYSTONE COMEDY.

Continuous
from
6.30 to 11 p.m.

WALTER'S THEATRE

Admission
5 cents

The House Of Quality Photo Plays

FANIA MARINOFF

IN THE BROADWAY FAVORITES FEATURE

THREE ACT PRODUCTION

"THE LURE OF MAMMON"

Miss Marinoff's position as a star of the legitimate stage is apparent by her Broadway Successes. These include, "The House Next Door" presented at the Gaiety Theatre, "A Thousand Years Ago" staged last season at the Shubert Theatre, and "Consequences" which opened at the Comely Theatre early this season.

EASTLAND DISASTER

Seven different views of the great Chicago Steamboat disaster will be shown in the PATHE DAILY NEWS to-night together with many other timely and interesting views of World Wide Events.

FINE CUTLERY AT COST

Our entire line of Domestic and Souvenir Imported Knives and Scissors are being offered at absolute cost, all the very best grade of goods, this affords you a good opportunity to get a fine piece of goods for a small price.

Prices from 17 cents to \$1.33

PEOPLES' DRUG STORE

JUST RECEIVED CARLOAD OF Corrugated Galvanized Roofing.

Get Prices at

Bigham's Hardware Store BIGLERVILLE

Severe Cut In Price On

FORD

SHOCK ABSORBERS.
SET OF FOUR \$9.00.

We Put Them On. NO CHARGE.

EBERHART'S AUTO SUPPLY STORE
Eagle Hotel Bldg. Chambersburg, St.

LOCAL COMPANIES MUST FIX PIPES

Before New Streets are Built in Gettysburg, Gas and Water Mains Must be Attended to, Guard against Early Repairs.

When the town council has finally passed the ordinance providing for the paving of Chambersburg and Baltimore streets, due notice will be given to the local gas and water companies to put their mains in such condition that there will be no need for disturbing the streets for repair work for many years to come. Thirty days time will be allowed.

As the paving is to be of a permanent character, both the town council and the State Highway Department, under whose supervision the work will be done, will require that underground pipes be replaced where the old ones are rusted or of insufficient size to meet the possible demands of coming years. They do not propose to build expensive streets only to be torn up in the course of several months by one or other of the local public service concerns. Defective connections will be given similar attention.

The first square on York street has been badly damaged at several places through digging for the purpose of making connections and, though the road is only two years old, there are several bad depressions from this source. The gas and water companies report their lines in good condition now but they will guard against any trouble in the coming years.

A suggestion has also been made that now would be the ideal time for the telephone companies to take up the proposition of burying their wires. If it is not done now, it is possible that it never will be. There are many persons who would like to see the number of poles materially diminished but, as yet, there has been no move on the part of the companies looking toward this end.

VACANCY FILLED

Mr. Keeny Becomes Instructor at College. New Prep Building.

The vacancy in the teaching staff at college occasioned by the resignation of Franklin W. Moser, assistant in English, has been filled by the election of Spurgeon Milton Keeny, Class of 1914, last year instructor in English in the Preparatory Department. Mr. Keeny was the valedictorian of his class, has proved himself a very successful teacher, and lately he has attended the University of Chicago Summer School. As the successor of Mr. Moser as graduate athletic manager, S. F. Snyder, Assistant to the President of the College, has been chosen.

The plans and specifications for the new main building of the Preparatory Department have been completed by the architect, George C. Baum, and are now in the hands of the contractors who have asked for the privilege of submitting bids on the construction of same. The estimated cost of the building fully equipped is \$50,000. It is hoped that ground for this building will be broken the first part of September.

FARMS BROUGHT \$17,000

Prices Realized at Public Sale on County Real Estate.

Harry and Stanley Smith, executors of the estate of the late Henry W. Smith, sold the three farms situated side by side, in Oxford township, at public sale, as follows:

The old homestead farm consisting of 145 acres to Edward Smith at \$60.50 per acre. The former "Dr. Smith farm" adjoining, consisting of 90 acres, to Guy Smith, at \$58.50 per acre. The farm tenanted by Frank Miller, consisting of 74 acres to Roy Hertz, at \$62.05 per acre.

The three farms yielded a total of more than \$17,000.

COMING EVENTS

Happenings Scheduled for Gettysburg during Coming Weeks.

Aug. 19-21—School of Methods for Adams County Teachers.

Aug. 23—Opening Session August Term of Court.

Aug. 26—Final Game of Blue Ridge League Season.

Sept. 15—"Pair of Sixes". Walter's Theatre.

SIX DOCTORS PALL BEARERS

Funeral of Arendtsville Physician Held from his Late Home. Minister Tells of Great Service Rendered by the Profession.

In tribute to the memory of the late Dr. Leroy Merriman, who died suddenly Sunday at his home in Arendtsville, a large number of friends, former patients, and physicians gathered for the funeral service this morning. Practically the entire membership of the Adams County Medical Society was in attendance together with other physicians from a distance.

The funeral services were held at the home in charge of Rev. T. C. Hesson and were extremely simple, consisting simply of a prayer and an address at the house and the usual burial service at Greenmount cemetery. Rev. Mr. Hesson had for the text of his address Psalm 84, "What is Man?"

The minister called attention to the fact that man is a child of the dust as well as a child of God and then dwelt at some length on the great benefactor a successful physician is to the community in which he resides, and the severe loss that a community sustains in the death of such a practitioner. He spoke of Dr. Merriman's large practice and of his recognized ability as a diagnostician.

Numerous floral tributes adorned the coffin which was borne by six physicians. The Adams County Medical Society contributed a large design, individual physicians sent floral offerings, and many of his former patients contributed their tributes of flowers. The six pall bearers were Dr. N. C. Trout, of Fairfield; Dr. Albert Woerner, Cashtown; Dr. Henry Stewart, Dr. H. M. Hartman, Dr. J. P. Dalbey, and Dr. J. McCrea Dickson, Gettysburg.

PARTY

Mrs. McCleaf's Birthday Occasion for Social Affair.

A very enjoyable surprise party was held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. William McCleaf, Virginia Mills, in honor of Mrs. McCleaf's birthday, on Friday evening, August 13th. Those present were Mr. and Mrs. William McCleaf, Mr. and Mrs. Harry Sanders, Mrs. Marian Sanders, Mrs. Cleveland Siefert, Mrs. Charles McIntire, of Fountain Dale, Misses Margaret Sanders, Anna Baker, Marie McCleaf, Ollie Musselman, Lake McCleaf, Esther Richardson, of Waynesboro, Iva McCleaf, Blanche Musselman, Mary McCleaf, Nellie Sanders, Esther McCleaf, Mildred Sanders, Louise McCleaf, Messrs. Lawrence McCleaf, Earl Myers, Harry Baker, Rusco McIntire, William Sanders, Roy McCleaf, Carroll Sanders, John McCleaf, Clarence Baker, Foster and Charles Bowers, of Gettysburg, Ralph Musselman, Ernest McCleaf, Frank Kepner, Rowan McCleaf and David Sanders. The evening was spent in playing games and music was furnished by Harry Sanders, son and daughter, Carroll and Nellie.

TWO MORE GO

Stair and Reiff Leave the Patriots' Ranks. Financial Outlook.

In order to cut down expenses the management of the Gettysburg baseball club has released "Bill" Stair, pitcher, and "Whitey" Reiff, infielder. This reduces the squad to eleven men. A general cut in receipts all over the circuit, and small attendance everywhere is causing general retrenchment.

At the end of the season each club receives from the League \$400 which they posted at the beginning of the season as a forfeit in the event of withdrawal before the schedule was completed. Each club also receives its share of the balance remaining in the league treasury. These amounts will, it is believed, pay all outstanding bills and allow the team to come out with a clean sheet.

Stair will be with Frostburg for the remainder of the season and Reiff has gone with Hanover to Martinsburg.

ADVANCE showing of the new suit fabrics for autumn and winter. J. D. Lippy, Tailor.—advertisement 1

Sept. 15—Gettysburg College Opens for Fall Term.

ASSIGN PUPILS TO TOWN SCHOOLS

Some Changes in Buildings to which Various Boys and Girls are to be Sent. Arrangements for the Beginners. Other Plans.

Supervising Principal W. A. Burgoon makes the following announcements regarding the opening of the local schools.

The public schools of Gettysburg will open Monday, August 30. The teachers will meet at the High School Building the Saturday morning previous at eight o'clock.

Children of the borough who are six years old or will be six not later than March 31, 1916 will be admitted as "beginners" to either Miss Rachel Scott's room, High Street School or to Miss Ruff's room, Meade School. All who live on Carlisle street, Chambersburg street, West street, Middle street, west of West street, or in the section of the town west or north of these boundary streets will report to Miss Ruff. All in the other section of the town will report to Miss Scott at High street.

In order to avoid over-crowding, Miss Ruff's room, as it was last year, the boundary line between the two schools is somewhat different from that of other years. After the opening day some additional changes and transfers of pupils may be necessary.

It is taken for granted that all former pupils know to which school and grade they belong without any further announcement. However, because of changes of residence and over-crowding of certain rooms, the following transfers will be made:

Hilda Deardorff and Leslie Reinecker from Miss Major's school to Miss Miller's at High street; Clifton Wierman from third grade, High street, to Miss Rosa Scott's third grade, Meade school; John Bigham from Miss Rachel Scott's school to Miss Ruff's first grade, Meade School; Glenn Harman from High street to Miss Ruff's second grade, Meade School.

Miss Stoops, at High street, will this year have both first and second grades, hence she will retain in her room all whom she promoted to second grade except John Baker, Mildred Hughes, Jennie Lestz, Pauline McGurk, Lindora Menehey, Margaret Miller, Beatrice Minter, and Edith Minter, who are assigned to Miss Sachs at High street. To Miss Stoops will also be assigned some of the High street "beginners" whose names begin with the last letters of the alphabet.

"Beginners" need not report to the Supervising Principal for assignment; but any other children of the town, those recently moved here, or others desiring to attend for the first time, must be assigned to their proper school before the opening day. For this purpose the Principal will be at his office in the High School on York street, from 9 o'clock to 12 Saturday morning, August 28. At this time he may also be consulted by any others who desire admittance or are uncertain as to their grade and school.

It is specially requested that pupils from other districts desiring admission for the first time to any of the grades or to the High School will report to the Principal for assignment, either personally or by letter. This is necessary even for those prospective High School pupils who have passed the county examinations.

The girls entering the Freshman Class of the High School are requested to be ready to state on the opening day their choice as to the regular academic course and the domestic science course. The latter course requires no Latin, no higher mathematics, and very little science. Likewise all pupils entering the Junior Class, who were regular course pupils last year will be expected to choose between the classical and commercial courses.

Pupils who attended the summer school and were informed of their promotion will report for work with their classes as though they were regularly promoted.

LOST: small bunch of keys in or between Gettysburg and Fairfield. Return to E. B. Swope, Fairfield, or Times office.—advertisement 1

FIRST fall fashions in fascinating variety await your inspection. J. D. Lippy, Tailor.—advertisement 1

FOUND DEAD IN SMALL SPRING

Woman Thought to have been Taken Ill. Death of Fairfield Resident. Those who Survive and Times of the Funerals.

MRS. SCOTT ALEXANDER
The widow of the late State Senator Scott Alexander, Mrs. Nettie Alexander, was found drowned in the Duffield spring, near her home in McConnellsburg, at 6:30 o'clock Tuesday morning. The family is well known in this county.

Mrs. Alexander was nearly sixty years of age and has been a sufferer from nervousness for some time past. She was an early riser and went alone to the spring with a view of getting a cool place for relief. She was found with life extinct by a neighbor. It is not known how the accident occurred but it is believed she was seized with an attack of vertigo, to which she was subjected.

Mrs. Alexander was a daughter of the late Judge Dickson and one of the most highly respected residents of her community. She was an active member of the Presbyterian church and is survived by one daughter, Mrs. Maria Dickson Alexander, of Washington, D. C.

The sudden death of Mrs. Alexander shocked and grieved the entire community, where she had spent her life of good works and Christian activity. No woman there was more widely known.

MRS. WILLIAM GLASSIC

Mrs. William Glassic, of near Abbotstown, died on Monday night at 9 o'clock, at her home, from the effects of a paralytic stroke, sustained several weeks ago. She was 81 years, 5 months, and 6 days old. She was born and lived all her life in that vicinity. She was a member of the Holtzswam Lutheran congregation.

Her husband and three children, Henry Glassic, Mrs. Hiram Spahr, and Mrs. Annie Bricker, survive her. One brother, Solomon Crist, also survives her.

Funeral, Thursday morning at 9 o'clock. After brief services at the house the funeral party will proceed to Holtzswam church, where further services will be held. Interment in the adjoining cemetery.

MRS. WILLIAM RENTZEL

Mrs. William Rentzel, of Fairfield, died at her home on Tuesday morning at 6:30, aged 68 years and 5 months. She leaves her husband and the following children, Elmer Rentzel, Waynesboro; Walter Rentzel, Union Bridge; Harry Rentzel, Littlestown; and Harvey Rentzel, at home. She also leaves three sisters and two brothers.

Funeral services from the Lutheran church at Fairfield Thursday morning at ten o'clock.

MORE IMPROVEMENTS

Western Maryland Plans Big Storage Warehouses for Freight.

That the Western Maryland Railway Company plans an ambitious scheme of storage and freight yards along the new Key highway, Baltimore, access to be had via the proposed municipal belt line, developed Monday.

The announcement of the new storage yards is another step in the big terminal development evidently planned at Baltimore by the Western Maryland. The Railway Company is at present completing the big grain elevator at Port Covington, the valuation of which is placed at \$900,000 in the report of the Building Inspector. Then, too, it will be recalled that the Western Maryland about three years ago bought 90 acres of the Winans tract near Port Covington and later invested about \$100,000 in the acquisition of the Ferry Bar tract of some 10 acres.

BADLY HURT

Removing Straw from Machine Results in Serious Injury.

When his hand was caught in the machinery while he was threshing oats Tuesday afternoon, William E. Weikert, of Mt. Pleasant township, suffered the loss of the two middle fingers of his left hand. He was taking out some straw, which had clogged, when his hand was caught.

BLAME OPERATOR FOR THE WRECK

Bloom is Named in Official Report Made on Tuesday. Says it will Take Twelve Years to Put Block System on the Western Maryland.

H. W. Belknap, chief of the Bureau of Safety of the Interstate Commerce Commission, at Washington, finds that the high bridge collision on the Western Maryland railroad on June 24, in which six were killed and four injured, was caused by an error on the part of "Train Dispatcher Bloom." Mr. Belknap's report was submitted to the commission Tuesday. He made an exhaustive investigation into the wreck.

The report says that Bloom's error was "in assuming that an order, after having been superseded, could be restored by annulling the superseding order."

The report mentions three other wrecks which occurred on the Western Maryland during the last six months and says:

"All of these collisions were caused by the failure of employes properly to perform their duties, and occurred under the time table and train order method of operation, without the protection afforded by a block system. In each report covering the investigation of these accidents it was recommended that an adequate block system be installed on this line to prevent the recurrence of similar accidents."

"In this connection attention is called to the statement of General Superintendent Ennis, in which he says it is hoped that 50 additional miles of block signals will be installed each year until the entire system is equipped."

"At the end of the present year approximately 112 miles of track will have been completed, leaving 623 miles unsignaled. Unless the annual installation is increased it cannot be expected that this line will be entirely protected with block signals for at least 12 years."

"In a number of previous accident reports attention has been called to the inherent weaknesses of the time table and train order system of operation, which depends entirely upon the human element and presents many opportunities for error or mistake on the part of a single employe, or his failure to perform his duties properly, may not be detected in time to avert an accident. In this instance on the Western Maryland Railway an experienced train dispatcher failed to provide proper orders for directing the intended train movements; under this system of operation no means were provided for detecting such a failure on the part of the dispatcher. In view of the volume of traffic the installation of an adequate block signal system is urgently required."

Asking \$100,000 damages for herself and three minor children from the Western Maryland Railroad Company, because of the death of her husband, Frederick L. Hayes, a suit was filed in the Superior Court in Baltimore, Tuesday by Mrs. Viola M. Hayes, through her attorney, Isaac Lobe Straus.

Mr. Hayes was killed when the two trains collided near Thurmont.

UPSET LAMP

Invalid Has Trying Experience with Blazing Oil.

What could have resulted in a most serious accident occurred at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Martin H. Hemler, of McSherrystown, when Regina, their invalid daughter, let fall a coal oil lamp, the burning oil spreading over the floor. The parents were away at the time and only the smaller children were at home. Their screams quickly brought the neighbors to the house. An alarm was sent to the fire company, but Leo Brady and a few young men extinguished the blaze before the arrival of the firemen. The loss, which was slight, was covered by insurance.

ANNUAL REUNION

Drs. Weigle and Hartman to Speak at Outing.

The Sunday School of St. John's Lutheran church, Littlestown, will hold their annual reunion on Saturday. The speakers will be Dr. E. D. Weigle, of Camp Hill, a former pastor of the church, and Rev. Dr. Aaron Hartman, of Baltimore, secretary of the Board of Home Missions.

THE GETTYSBURG TIMES
Published Daily Except Sunday
Times and News Publishing Company

W. LAVERE HAFER,
Secretary and Treasurer.

PHILIP R. BIKLE,
President.

PHILIP R. BIKLE, Editor.

SUBSCRIPTION: Served by carrier in Gettysburg for 25 cents per month. Mailed outside of Gettysburg for 25 cents per month. Single copies to non-subscribers, 2 cents.

If you receive THE TIMES by mail you can find the date up to which you are paid on the pink address label on your paper. The date will be changed within ten days after your money is received at The Times Office.

Entered August 15, 1904, at Gettysburg, Pa., as second-class matter, under Act of Congress March 3, 1879.

BELL PHONE
Office in Northwest corner of Centre Square, Gettysburg, Pennsylvania.

UNITED PHONE
Office in Northwest corner of Centre Square, Gettysburg, Pennsylvania.

Want Ads. One cent per word each insertion. Two cents a word if guaranteed first page position. Resolutions of respect, poetry and memorials one cent per word.

TO OUR RE ADERS
The Gettysburg Times takes absolutely no part in politics, being neutral on all such matters. Anything that appears in our general news columns, concerning state or national politics, is furnished us by The American Press Association, a concern which gives the same news to Republican, Democratic, Prohibition, or Socialist papers and which is strictly non-partisan. Our advertising columns are open to all candidates of all parties.

A Tool For Every Purpose
Carpenters and machinists have learned that they can get the tool they want from us when they need it. This weeks special is a
Guaranteed drop-forged Plyers for 15 cents
They are not nickel-plated—if they were they would sell for 50 cents at all stores
Automobile Jacks for the Motorist.
A good thing to remember is that you can get any tool of standard make for a reasonable price at the
Adams County Hardwars Co.

RUNK & PECKMAN'S REALTY LIST
Real Estate Bargains

10 acre farm near Centre Mills, fine home, timber and running water	2500
25 acre poultry and truck farm, 2 miles from town, good buildings	1550
25 acre, home, near Bonneauville, good	1750
27 acre fruit farm, in heart of fruit region, 400 fruit trees	4650
35 acre gentleman's Country Place	Apply
35 acre general farm, good land, good buildings, fine neighborhood	3200
45 acre general farm, 4 miles out, good buildings, rich land, cheap	2500
50 acre vacant farmland on Battlefield, fine for building purposes	3150
60 acre farm near town, with stock and implements, immediate possession	6700
65 acre fruit farm, good buildings, 1500 fruit trees, 300 bearing	5000
75 acre fruit farm, good buildings, 788 fruit trees, some bearing	6500
85 acre general farm, 3 miles out, well improved, water system and silo	4500
95 acre farm, Buchanan Valley, 40 acres timber, bank barn, 7 room house	2500
105 acre general farm between New Oxford and Abbottstown	5000
115 acre stock and grain farm near Biglerville, everything good	6000
125 acre general farm, high state of cultivation, new barn, good house 3 miles out	5200
135 acre general farm, money-maker, model farm, highly productive	7000
145 acre farm near Gettysburg, very good buildings, fruit, fine home	6000
155 acre farm at Bendersville, adjoins Tyson Estate	Apply
165 acre farm adjoins Rd. Top, 2 houses, bank barn, some good timber	2500
175 acre farm 2 miles from town, main Highway, fine buildings	Apply
185 acres with good buildings, handy to Fairfield, very good farm	7000
195 acre fruit farm, fine buildings, 1500 apple trees, 8 yrs. old, cheap	10300
205 acre farm near town, fine laying land, good buildings, well located	6200
215 acre farm 2 mi S of Rd. Top, 30 acres pasture, bank barn, stone house	5700
225 acre farm near Seven Stars, good buildings, stock farm	7000
235 acre farm near Arendtsville, 3 houses, new barn, fine land	11000
245 acre farm 1 mile from town, macadam road, one of the best	Apply
255 acre fruit farm, over 4000 trees, good buildings, timber real bargain	8000
265 acre stock farm, a model farm, up-to-date and highly productive	Apply
275 room house, stable and wide lot in White Hall, bargain at	800
285 Large Hotel Property in Adams County town	Apply
295 Several fine building lots in Biglerville, cheap	Apply
305 7 room modern house in Biglerville, all new outbuildings	1500
315 7 room brick house and outbuildings in Biglerville, Main Street	1900
325 8 room modern house, garage and other buildings in New Oxford	3500
335 50 Acres, fruit farm, Butler Twp., good buildings	4000
345 110 Acres, near Harney, Camb. Twp., 1st class farm	6500

GETTYSBURG TOWN PROPERTIES

355 9 room frame house, Buford avenue, all conveniences	3,000
365 4 room house, Steinwehr Avenue, stable, etc.	900
375 10 room 3 story frame house, first block Middle Street	3100
385 19 room brick corner property, good income property	4500
395 7 room brick house, corner property, good neighborhood	3800
405 10 room frame house, modern with store room, handy to Station	3500
415 9 room brick, modern home, high class property, well located	5700
425 6 room brick house, all conveniences, hardwood finish	2800
435 10 room brick house, large and commodious, modern conveniences	5000
445 14 room dwelling, one of the two or three best properties in Gettysburg	Apply
455 30 room dwelling house on Washington Street, conveniences	2300
465 8 room frame house, modern improvements, fine lawn	2600
475 8 room frame house near New Post Office, conveniences, large grounds	4250
485 9 room brick house, High Street, all conveniences, near Churches	3600

When in the market you will save money by seeing us before you buy. You can always get your choice of desirable properties at prices the income will prove. You will be under no obligation by asking for full details about these bargains.

RUNK & PECKMAN, Agents.
Real Estate Masonic Building Gettysburg, Pa.

Festival And Chicken Corn Soup
Saturday Eve., August 21st.
At Methodist Church, Orrtanna
REFRESHMENTS OF ALL KINDS
Everybody Invited

FRANK LYNCHED BY ARMED MEN

Hanged to a Tree Near Home of Mary Phagan.

BODY SWINGS FOR HOURS

Mob in Motor Cars Drag Him From Cell at Georgia Prison Farm—Hand Cuffed Guards and Cut Telephone Wires.

Atlanta, Aug. 18.—An organized body of armed men went in motor cars to the state prison, at Milledgeville, held up the guards, dragged from his cell Leo M. Frank, who was serving a life sentence for the murder of Mary Phagan, and, after carrying him 100 miles, hanged him to a tree two miles from Marietta, almost within sight of the house where the little factory girl had lived.

Frank, after being condemned to death, obtained a commutation of his sentence to life imprisonment from John M. Slaton, then governor, several months ago. A short time later he was murderously attacked by William Green, another prisoner, who tried to cut his throat. He had recovered sufficiently to be removed from the hospital to his cell last Sunday.

Frank's body was found about 150 yards from the road. It was barefoot, and clad only in prison trousers and shirt. His eyes were bandaged and his hands tied behind him. His feet were dangling four feet above the ground. There was no mark of bullet wounds or other mutilation.

The place where the body was found was behind Frey's cotton gin, a mile and a half from the National Cemetery. The nearest farm house is 200 yards away.

News that the body had been discovered spread rapidly, and within a short time hundreds of persons were hurrying to the place. Among the onlookers were many women and children.

Frank's body was cut down two hours later, but not until one of the crowd had spoken to the crowd, advocating mutilation of the body.

Nathan A. Morris, a former superior court judge, pleaded with the throng to let an undertaker take its proper course. A mob was taken, and it was overwhelmingly in favor of letting the coroner take charge of the body.

At the suggestion of former Judge Morris, the body was taken from the undertaker's wagon, in which it was placed at the lynching scene, and put into a motor car, on the outskirts of the town. The body was turned over to an undertaker, who secretly removed it to a private residence. It will be taken to Frank's former home and then will be sent to his parents in Brooklyn for burial.

News of the lynching caused a profound shock. Before leaving for the lynching scene, at Fitzgerald, Governor Nat Morris gave out a statement deploring the tragedy and promising to try and bring Frank's slayers to justice.

The armed men arrived in the vicinity of the farm almost unnoticed and proceeded methodically to their business. All means of wire communication from the prison to Milledgeville, three miles away, were destroyed and all wires, except one telephone line, from Milledgeville also were cut.

Five men went to the house of the warden, J. T. Smith, awakened him and made him prisoner. At the same time, a small squad of men went to the home of J. M. Burke, superintendent of the farm. Burke was forced to go with them to the gate nearest the dormitory where it was believed Frank was kept. The two guards on duty there were ordered, while guns were leveled on them, to open the gates.

The party then rushed in, quickly got Frank and hurried him to one of the waiting cars. He was forced into one of them, while a number of the party is said to have flourished a rope before his face. Without delay those who had been guarding the warden left him, and joined the party at the gates. The cars then started off.

Upon leaving the prison, the lynchers adopted a route, evidently designed to throw off, or at least delay, possible pursuers. They first directed their course to abridge across Little river, near Eatonton, about twenty miles from Milledgeville.

News that Frank had been taken from the prison reached Marietta, early in the morning. Shortly before 9 o'clock a dust-covered buggy, with the horse in a lather came dashing into the public square. A knot of men drew about it. There was a hum of conversation. Then—"He's there," shouted a man, and he began to run to the east along the Roswell road.

"They got him," the crowd shouted. Others began to run. A motor car buzzed out of the square. Another followed, men fairly dropping off the running board as it got under way.

The first persons who reached the spot say Frank's body was still warm. The new hemp rope was run through the fork of a large limb, fifteen feet from the earth, drawn across and made fast to another tree, twenty feet away.

When the body was cut down, parts of Frank's shirt were torn away by souvenir hunters.

Yes, But Not a Costless One: Can't somebody invent a ruthless road?—Union City Eagle.

LEO M. FRANK
Who Was Kidnapped From Georgia Prison and Lynched.



Photo by American Press Association.

GERMAN PROPOSALS FOR FRYE ACCEPTED

U. S. Agrees to Commission and Treaty Arbitration.

Washington, Aug. 18.—The American reply to Germany's last note on the sinking of the American ship William P. Frye, made public proposal that damages be paid by a mixed commission and that the disputed treaty provisions be submitted to arbitration at The Hague, but calls on Germany for a statement, meanwhile, as to whether she intends to conduct her future naval operations in accordance with her interpretation of the Prussian-American treaty or those of the United States.

The note is regarded as putting the noted case well on the way to a settlement.

The Frye note "regrets" that Germany cannot except the objections of this government to the contention that the case was not one for a prize court. It is then suggested that the two alternative suggestions made by Germany be combined and accepted. They are that each government name an expert to agree on the amount of damages and that arbitration be accepted as the means of interpreting the existing treaty stipulations. Arbitration is to be had under the provisions of article 35 of The Hague convention.

BURGLAR ATTACKS WOMAN

In Serious Condition After Intruder Uses Knife and Acid.

Hazleton, Pa., Aug. 18.—Mrs. Daniel McGeehan, of West Hazleton, wife of the superintendent of the Diamond Water Company, is in a serious condition from injuries and shock, due to the attack during the night of a burglar, who broke into the house while her husband was away on an inspection tour.

When Mrs. McGeehan discovered the burglar in her room she begged him not to harm her, but he struck her with a knife or some other sharp instrument, inflicting a severe gash on her left arm, and then threw a quantity of carbolic acid in her face and escaped.

Mrs. McGeehan became the mother of twin girls two weeks ago and was convalescent. The babies died soon after birth.

FRANK'S MOTHER COLLAPSES

Overcome When Told of Lynching—To Be Brought North.

New York, Aug. 18.—Mrs. Rudolph Frank, mother of Leo M. Frank, collapsed when told that her son had been lynched by a Georgia mob. A physician went to her Brooklyn home, and she was ordered to see no one.

Frank's sister, Mrs. Louis Stern, remained with her mother. She would say nothing as to the lynching, but said the body would be brought to Brooklyn and buried in the family cemetery plot.

Neighbors said the Frank family had begun an eight-hour period of mourning, which was customary under the Hebrew religion.

Aviator on U. S. Ship Killed.

Erie, Pa., Aug. 18.—Donald Gregory 24 years old, of Ann Arbor, Mich., an aviator on board the United States militia ship Essex, of Toledo, was injured fatally when he fell three hundred feet during a flight. Gregory was picked up by officers of the naval militia fleet, now maneuvering off this port, and hurried to a hospital where he died.

Steps Into Hole; Drowns.

Reading, Aug. 18.—Although two younger companions, Robert Ibach and Charles Boone, tried to save him, Howard Seibert, 14 years old, son of Harry F. Seibert, was drowned in Tulpehocken creek, near this city. He was wading in shallow water and stepped in a deep hole. The body was recovered.

Optimistic Thought.

Happy the man unshaken in prosperous or adverse fortune.

RUSSIAN FORTS FALL TO GERMANS

Kovno and Novo Georgievsk Defences Captured.

THOUSANDS ARE PRISONERS

Part of Niemen Barrier, Vital to the Czar, Stormed by Teutons—Berlin Claims Success All Along Front.

Berlin, Aug. 18.—The war office reports the capture of one of the forts comprising the defences of Kovno, between the Niemen river and Giesla, and the fall of three of the outer ring forts which have been acting as barriers in the German bombardment of Novo Georgievsk. Thousands of prisoners were taken in these successes.

The official statement follows: "The army group of Field Marshal von Hindenburg, in further battles in the region of Kupiski won successes, and 625 prisoners, including three officers as well as three machine guns, fell into our hands. The troops of the army of General von Eichorn, under the leadership of General Listmann, took the forts of Kovno, situated between the Niemen and Giesla. More than 4500 Russians were taken prisoners, and more than 240 cannon and numerous other materials were captured."

"The armies of General von Scholz and General von Gallwitz by dint of continuous fighting, drove their opponents further back in an easterly direction, and 1800 Russians, including eleven officers, were taken prisoners, and one cannon and ten machine guns were captured."

"On the northeastern front of Novo Georgievsk, a large fort and two intermediate fortifications were taken by storm. On the other front we succeeded almost everywhere in forcing the enemy further back. We captured 2400 prisoners together with nineteen cannon and other materials."

"Army groups of Prince Leopold and Field Marshal von Mackensen are continuing further their victorious progress."

Fed Invasion of Finland.

Stockholm, Aug. 18.—The Aftonbladet says it has learned that the landing of German troops on the Finnish coast is expected soon. The Russian authorities are said to have given the population full instructions how to act in case of invasion.

Russian Armies Safe.

London, Aug. 18.—The Times' military correspondent, dealing with the warfare in Russia, says: "In conformity with the general plan of retirement, Grand Duke Nicholas has now withdrawn his forces from Poland to points west of the line of Osowiec, Bialystok and Brest-Litovsk, and we shall learn within a few days whether he intends to make a long stand on this front."

"The staffs of the Russian armies have performed difficult tasks with the greatest competence. Attacked in an untenable position by six or seven Austro-German armies the Russians fought steadily back and are now in line."

"The Russian armies are neither beaten nor demoralized nor dispirited but they are not yet out of danger, nor can they be until the menace of von Hindenburg in the north is disposed of. If von Hindenburg is free to move he will not cross the Sventla river until the main mass of the German armies is at close grips with the grand duke and is able to prevent the latter from throwing himself upon von Hindenburg with all his forces."

"Chief interest still lies in the struggle north of the Niemen, in the defence of Kovno, and in the decision of the Grand Duke Nicholas to stand upon the Brest-Litovsk line or to continue his retirement. The real crisis of the operation is still to come."

Scores of civilians were killed and wounded in the three days' bombardment with heavy artillery which preceded the German occupation of Lomza, according to a Reuter despatch from Petrograd. While German guns were showering tons of metal upon the town the inhabitants took refuge in the cellars of their homes.

Engines Kill Man and Child.

Wilkes-Barre, Aug. 18.—Philip Holsa, 42 years old, was run down by a shifting engine in the yards of the Central Railroad and instantly killed. Mary Perlick, 4 years old, daughter of George Perlick, was run down by a shifting engine in the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western yards at Plymouth, and killed.

Slashed as He Left Car.

Wilkes-Barre, Aug. 18.—While alighting from a trolley car near Plymouth, near here, Joseph Lee, 35 years old, was slashed with a razor across the throat by an unknown assailant, and left dying along the tracks. Autolists took him to a hospital. His condition is critical.

Accused of Beating Mother.

Shenandoah, Pa., Aug. 18.—Mrs. Harriet Millard, 70 years old, was so brutally beaten at Lost Creek, it is alleged by her intoxicated son, John, 40 years old, that her injuries may prove fatal. The son and Dan Miller, a companion, were committed without bail by Justice Gibbon.

J. P. MORGAN
Recovered From Anarchist's Wounds, Returns to Business.



Photo by American Press Association.

U. S. TROOPER SLAIN BY MEXICAN RAIDERS

Fire Across River on Soldiers Under Cover of Darkness.

Brownsville, Tex., Aug. 18.—About 100 Mexicans, under cover of darkness, fired across the Rio Grande at Progreso, thirty miles up the river from here, and killed one trooper and wounded two men of the Twelfth United States Cavalry.

For a time it was reported that the Mexicans were advancing on Mercedes.

Ranger Lieutenant Reynau, at Mercedes, telephoned State Adjutant General Hutchings, that Corporal William, of Troop C, Twelfth Cavalry, was killed and Lieutenant Roy O. Henry, of the same troop, was wounded.

Reynau, in an early report, said he understood 270 Mexicans had crossed and that they were going to attack Mercedes.

However, Colonel Robert L. Bullard, commanding officer of the Brownsville district, reported that the fight was fought entirely by Mexicans firing across the Rio Grande from the Mexican side, and that no Mexicans got through the army patrol into United States territory. Colonel Bullard strengthened the patrols about Progreso and Mercedes, and there are 800 cavalry and infantry in the vicinity.

SEAPLANE RAIDS VENICE

Attacked Italian Forts and Dodged Five Pursuers, Says Venice.

Vienna, Aug. 18.—A belated account of an Austrian seaplane's raid on Venice on August 5 is contained in an official Austrian bulletin stating: "Four of the coast forts of Venice were bombarded by one of our seaplanes on the afternoon of August 5. All the bombs except one exploded within the fortifications. Of five hostile airmen who ascended in pursuit two were forced to land by machine gunfire; two abandoned the pursuit after some time and the fifth followed our machine close to the Austrian coast, where he was obliged to turn back, unsuccessful. Our seaplane returned safely, in spite of a heavy fire from hostile war vessels and forts."

Torpedo-Diverting Devices for Allies.

Paris, Aug. 18.—A device invented by the Italian engineer, Quarni, which makes it possible to drive torpedoes out of their course and explode them, has satisfied tests, says a special despatch from Rome, and arrangements are being made to supply the device to the allied fleets.

General John C. Black Dead.

Chicago, Aug. 18.—General John C. Black, civil war veteran, former congressman, former United States commissioner of patents and a member of the United States civil service commission, died suddenly in his room at the Palmer House.

WEATHER EVERYWHERE.

Observations of United States weather bureaus taken at 8 p. m. yesterday follow:

	Temp.	Weather.
Atlantic City....	68	P. cloudy.
Boston.....	64	Clear.
Buffalo.....	62	Clear.
Chicago.....	66	P. cloudy.
New Orleans....	82	Cloudy.
New York.....	87	Clear.
Philadelphia....	72	P. cloudy.
St. Louis.....	72	Cloudy.
Washington.....	70	P. cloudy.

The Weather.

Fair, continued cool today and tomorrow; moderate north winds.

FOR SALE: six burner "Jewel" gas range with oven, broiler, etc., and water-heating attachment. In good condition, and will be sold cheap. Inquire at Times office.—advertisement.

PERSONAL NOTES AND BRIEF ITEMS

Paragraphs of News Telling of the Happenings in and about Town People Visiting Here and Those Sojourning Elsewhere.

Miss Helen Reigart, after spending several weeks at the home of Mr. and Mrs. S. E. Trimmer, on East Middle street, has returned to her home in Dallastown.

Miss Mildred Stoner has returned from a ten days' visit to Westminster and Detour, Maryland.

Dr. and Mrs. M. H. Valentine, of Philadelphia, and Mrs. Henry Sigris, of Lebanon, are spending some time at the home of Mrs. M. Valentine, Springs avenue.

L. E. Enterline, Esq., of Ashland, is visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. H. T. Weaver, Baltimore street. Miss Bess Shriver, of near Gettysburg, and Miss Ida Keitel, of Hanover, are spending two weeks in Wildwood, Cape May and Philadelphia.

Captain and Mrs. Pfeiffer, of Washington, are visiting at the home of Hon. and Mrs. William T. Ziegler, on Springs avenue.

Mrs. Norman McGuigan, who has been visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. David McGuigan, Chambersburg street, has gone to York where she will visit for several days.

Mrs. H. A. Lakin and daughter have returned to their home at Erie after a visit with friends and relatives in Gettysburg.

Miss Mary Sheads, Miss Grace Spahr and Miss Bertha Welkert are spending the day at Camp Sing Sing at Dick's Dam.

Mrs. R. H. Rudy and son, of East Middle street, are spending several days with friends and relatives at Boiling Springs.

Mrs. James Tate and family, of West Middle street, are visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. F. M. Kime, Biglerville.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Rodkey have returned to their home at Altoona after a visit with Mrs. Rodkey's parents, Mr. and Mrs. George J. Weaver, Baltimore street.

Mrs. J. M. Topper and Miss Cora Topper, of Baltimore street, are spending the day with Mr. and Mrs. Dennis Asper, at Aspers Station.

Mrs. John Lower, of Carlisle street, has gone to Carlisle where she will spend several weeks with friends and relatives.

Mrs. H. J. Beatty and family, and Mrs. Elmer Beatty, of Buford street, are spending the day at Goldenville.

Miss Annie Smith has returned to her home in Harrisburg after a visit at the home of her brother, Francis I. Smith, South Washington street.

Mr. and Mrs. Ira Young have returned to their home in Philadelphia after a visit with Mr. Young's sister, Miss Rosie Young, Steinwehr avenue.

Mr. and Mrs. William Stair and daughter have returned to their home at Huntingdon after spending the summer in Gettysburg.

Maurice Weaver has returned from a trip to Ashland.

Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Gilliland, Miss Anna Gilliland and Miss Margaret Gilliland left Tuesday on a motor trip to Niagara Falls.

Miss Blanche Hoffman and Miss Ivy Legore, of Route 4, have returned home from a visit at Westminster and Silver Run.

Mrs. J. Edward Billheimer and son, of Tamaqua, are guests of Dr. and Mrs. T. C. Billheimer, Springs avenue.

Mrs. Rose Hammers and son, of East Middle street, are the guests of friends in Arendtsville.

Mrs. E. G. Weaver, West Middle street, is visiting friends in Harrisburg.

Mrs. J. C. Arbogast and daughter, of Pottsville, are spending some time with Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Storrick, Baltimore street.

Misses Mary and Margaret Aumen have returned to Baltimore after a visit at the home of Mr. and Mrs. James B. Aumen, West Middle street.

Satisfied Where He Was.

While calling on a young woman for the first time, we noticed the portieres moved every few minutes. The hostess went to investigate and discovered her small brother behind them. She said to him: "Come in, Herbert, and meet the gentleman." Edging back and drawing the portieres closer, he said: "Oh, no, I don't wanna come in; I just wanna peek."

Gas at First Not Appreciated.
Like most other useful inventions, gas was at first treated with ridicule, and the early companies for its manufacture were for many years anything but successful in their operations, and, indeed, were carried on at a loss. As our readers know, they are now among the most profitable of undertakings. Even when displaced as an illuminant, gas will always have a great value for heating purposes.

GETTYSBURG WON POOR EXHIBITION

Greenwell Effective while Clark Sends Eight Batters to First on Passes. Errors and Weak Display of the National Sport.

There was little of real Blue Ridge base ball in the exhibition produced on Nixon Field Tuesday afternoon when the Patriots took Martinsburg into camp 4 to 3.

With two out in the first inning, Clarke gave Plank a hit and passed four batters, forcing in two runs. Errors and more passes, with a few hits, contributed to Gettysburg's other runs, while Greenwell was holding the visitors safe, except in the third inning when they got to him for three safe hits and two earned runs.

The game was slow and without interest or feature. Bigler caught his first full game behind the bat and delivered acceptably. Martinsburg was crippled by the loss of several players and the exhibition was about the poorest seen on the local field this season.

The Patriots play in Hagerstown for two days and then go to Martinsburg for a similar session.

MARTINSBURG		AB		R	H	O	A	E
Thompson, 2 b.....	4	1	1	3	2	1		
Durboraw, rf.....	4	2	2	4	0	0		
Morris, c.....	4	0	1	0	0	0		
Rawlings, lf.....	4	0	1	1	0	0		
Long, 3 b.....	4	0	1	2	4	0		
Johnson, c.....	2	0	0	5	1	0		
Mumford, 1 b.....	4	0	0	7	0	1		
Shipley, ss.....	4	0	1	2	1	2		
Clark, p.....	4	0	0	0	2	0		
33		3	7	24	10	4		

GETTYSBURG		AB R H O A E				
Bigler, c.....	3	0	0	8	0	1
Boyer, lb.....	4	0	1	11	0	1
Swartz, 2b.....	2	1	3	3	0	0
Plank, c.....	2	1	1	1	0	0
Barbare, lf.....	3	0	2	0	0	0
Herrle, rf.....	3	0	1	1	0	0
Oyler, ss.....	2	0	0	1	2	0
Reiff, 3b.....	3	0	0	2	0	0
Greenwell, p.....	4	1	1	0	4	0
20		0	0	0	10	0

Martinsburg, 2; first base on errors—Gettysburg, 3; Martinsburg, 1; time of game, 1:42; umpire—Deer.

Double plays—Thompson to Mumford, Johnson to Shipley; bases on balls—off Greenwell, 1, off Clark, 8; struck out—by Greenwell, 7; by Clark, 3; sacrifice hits—Johnson, Bigler, Long, Plank; stolen bases—Thompson, Durboraw, Shipley; passed balls—Bigler; left on bases—Gettysburg, 11; Martinsburg, 6; earned runs—Martinsburg, 2; first base on errors—Gettysburg, 3; Martinsburg, 1; time of game, 1:42; umpire—Deer.

Harover 11, Chambersburg 0.

Harover, Aug. 17—The Hornets not only made it three straight from the Maroons here to-day but tallied the twenty fifth inning without allowing a Chambersburg man to cross home plate. Twenty hits were made off Sharadin. Final score 11 to 0.

Frederick 1, Hagerstown 0.

Frederick, Aug. 17—King was invincible here to-day and held Hagerstown to two hits. The Blues' errors were costly and Frederick won 1 to 0. Smith for the visitors allowed six hits.

To-Day's Games		W L P C	
Gettysburg at Hagerstown	Frederick at Chambersburg		
Harover at Martinsburg			
Frederick	37	20	.701
Martinsburg	38	27	.585
Harover	38	32	.543
Hagerstown	31	39	.443
Chambersburg	26	44	.371
Gettysburg	25	43	.368

To-Morrow's Games

Gettysburg at Hagerstown

Frederick at Chambersburg

Harover at Martinsburg

Early Polish.

At least one little girl in New York is in line for a diplomatic position when the government decides to admit feminine aspirants to the corps. She was sitting on a park bench the other afternoon, in company with another child about her own age. There was evidently some disagreement between them, and suddenly the discreet maiden turned to her obnoxious companion, smiled sweetly, and said: "Well, if one of us should get off this seat, I'd have more room."

Not in the Geography.

Bobby heard his mother tell his father that her mother, who was ill, was in a comatose state and she must go to her at once. Bobby immediately ran for his geography and looked diligently for some time through it. Finally he brought it to his father and said: "Father, I can't find the state of comatose in here. Will you?"—Judge.

BASE BALL SCORES

Following Is the Result of Games Played Yesterday.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

At Cleveland—Detroit, 10; Cleveland, 1 (1st game). Batteries—Durboraw, Harstad, Ryan; Detroit, 7; Cleveland, 3 (2d game). Batteries—Oldham, Stange; Jones, Howarth.

Other clubs not scheduled.

Standing of the Clubs.

W. L. P. C.	W. L. P. C.
Boston, 53 36 64 4	New York, 51 51 50
Detroit, 50 39 64 2	Cleveland, 41 66 38
Chicago, 64 42 64 4	St. Louis, 41 68 37
Washington, 54 52 59 9	Athletic, 34 71 32

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

At Philadelphia—Cincinnati, 2; Philadelphia, 4. Batteries—Toney, Wingo; Alexander, Killefer.

At Pittsburgh—Pittsburgh, 3; Chicago, 2 (1st game). Batteries—Benton, Gibson; Hopewell, Brennan.

Chicago, Pittsburgh, 4 (2d game). Batteries—Zabel, Archer; Cooper, Schang.

At New York—Brooklyn, 3; New York, 2. Batteries—Coombs, Miller; Matlock, Doolin.

Boston-St. Louis, not scheduled.

Standing of the Clubs.

W. L. P. C.	W. L. P. C.
Phila., 56 46 54 9	Pittsburg, 54 55 49
Brooklyn, 58 50 57 1	N. York, 50 52 49
Chicago, 54 52 53 9	St. Louis, 51 58 48
Boston, 52 53 49	Cincinnati, 49 58 48

FEDERAL LEAGUE.

At Pittsburgh—Pittsburgh, 5; Brooklyn, 2. Batteries—Bluejacket, Land; Comstock, O'Connor.

At Newark—St. Louis, 14; Newark, 4. Batteries—Davenport, Hartley; Kaiserling, Rariden.

At Buffalo—Kansas City, 3; Buffalo, 2. Batteries—Johnson, Brown; Schultz, Allen.

At Baltimore—Chicago, 4; Baltimore, 0. Batteries—Brennan, Fischer; Quinn, Jacklisch.

Standing of the Clubs.

W. L. P. C.	W. L. P. C.
Chicago, 62 47 54 9	Kan. City, 51 48 51
Newark, 50 48 56	Brooklyn, 50 52 46
Pittsburg, 50 47 55	Buffalo, 50 64 43
St. Louis, 58 51 52	Baltimore, 38 71 34

BENDERSVILLE.

Bendersville—Over Sunday guests at the home of George Routsong were Mrs. Hoverter, daughter, Katherine, and grandson, Mervin, William Fikes, of Harrisburg, and Chester Miller, of Altoona.

The Methodist and Lutheran Sunday Schools will hold a union picnic at Routsong's woods on Saturday. Everyone welcome.

Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Krouse had as their guests on Sunday Mr. and Mrs. G. Orie Heckenluber and family and Misses Rielle and Verna Krouse, of Arendtsville.

Miss Ida Sheely spent last week at Atlantic City and Philadelphia. She was accompanied home by her sister, Miss Bessie Sheely, of Philadelphia.

Mr. and Mrs. George Mertz and child, of Rochester, N. Y., are visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Harvey Hoffman.

Mrs. William Yingling, of Harrisburg, spent Sunday with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. William Becker.

E. H. Raffensperger, of Longsford, was a Monday visitor in town.

Miss Mary Routsong is visiting friends in Harrisburg.

Mr. and Mrs. F. W. Wright and son, Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence Wright and son, motored to York, on Sunday, to visit relatives.

Mrs. S. E. Peters, Mr. and Mrs. John Peters (accompanied by Mrs. Snyder, and children, of Millintown, have returned from a week's visit with friends at New Oxford.

KILLED BY DYNAMITE

Delayed Discharge Came with Man only a Few Feet Distant.

Alawese Gruver, a brother of A. A. Gruver, Oscar Gruver, and Gibson Gruver, of East Berlin, was instantly killed about two o'clock Tuesday afternoon by an explosion of dynamite on the road near his residence. With several men Mr. Gruver was blowing out rocks and, when a charge failed to explode, he went forward to see what was the trouble. He was but a few feet away when the discharge came. The left side of his face and his left hand were blown off and his body was torn by the flying stones. His death was immediate. Mr. Gruver was a resident of York county.

When the House Takes Fire.

Used early, a glass of water has more value than a fire brigade. If the amount of water at hand is limited it should be thrown by handfuls rather than in a single dash. A bucket of water and a broom to sprinkle constitute a good extinguisher for a starting fire. Don't throw water at the blaze—much less at the smoke—but upon the material from which the blaze comes. A coat, a rug, a bed cover, or few pounds of flour can be used to smother a small blaze and a feather bed will choke a quite rapacious fire.

New Fire Peril.

Birds carrying matches to their nests under the eaves of a college building in New York were blamed for a fire starting. The new art of fire prevention would preferably place the blame on the human agency which left such dangerous little weapons as matches where the birds could find them to carry them to the eaves.

Never Saw a Woman Do It.

"I've seen millions. I don't know but billions, of men and boys stop to compare their watches by the chronometers in jewelers' windows," said a man who thinks his watch is always correct, and who likes himself to so compare it, "but I never saw a woman do that. Did you?"

LETTERS FROM COUNTY TOWNS

Correspondents send in Many Items of Interesting News from their Respective Towns. Personals and Many Brief Items.

ARENDTSVILLE.

Arendtsville—Rev. T. C. Hesson will hold his Harvest Home service on Sunday morning, August 29, at 10 o'clock.

Owing to ill health and the close confinement, Layton H. Rice resigned as cashier in the Arendtsville National Bank and S. A. Skinner, of Dry Run, was elected in his place.

Our little village has had quite a number of sudden and unexpected deaths during the last few years, in the deaths of John H. Dull, Solomon Dome, Augustus Lerew, Samuel Hershey, Daniel Hoffman, Daniel Arendt, Daniel Lister, Dr. Leroy Merriman, Mrs. Nancy Dome and Mrs. Caroline Crum.

We notice by the papers that in different sections, owing to the ground being so wet, potatoes are rotting. In view of the frequent rains in this locality our farmers should pay attention to their crops and take them up as soon as the tops are dead to save the potatoes.

Rev. Elmer Stockslager, wife and their two children, of Route 2 Gettysburg, and Miss Mary Mengel, of Reading, spent several days last week in the homes of Rev. D. T. Koser and Mrs. Henry Little.

Misses Esther and Mary Prickett, of Flora Dale, were recent guests of Miss Mary Roberts at the Cherrie Dale Farm, near this place.

Mrs. Isaac Starner, who had resided near this place for many years, but the last 20 years in Odabolt, Iowa, died there recently. The date of her death we did not learn. She is well remembered by our older citizens.

Lloyd Warren and wife, of Harrisburg, are visitors in the home of William Warren, the former's father.

LIBERTY HALL.

Liberty Hall—The following spent Sunday with W. T. S. Sites and family, Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Boyd, Mr. and Mrs. George F. Sites, Mr. and Mrs. M. R. Hull, Mr. and Mrs. John Sites, Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Kugler, Mr. and Mrs. James R. White, Misses Alice, Edna, Mary and Rosanna Sites, Effie Hull, Amanda Sandoe, Joanna and Ruth White, Messrs. Stewart Sites, Sr., Frank Forney, Morris Shorby, James Boyd, Donald Sites, Stewart Sites, Jr., and George White.

Mr. and Mrs. Jacob Bentzel and Mrs. Margaret Riffle spent Sunday with Lewis Bowling and family of "Moritz's."

Miss Anna M. Young and J. Walter Kugler spent Sunday with Mr. and Mrs. Allen Weishaar and family.

Word was received here on Sunday evening that Herbert Seabrooke, a former classmate of your correspondent, had received injuries from a fall at the Logan, West Virginia, power plant where he is employed as an electrician. We hope his injuries are not serious and that he may be able to resume his duties in the near future.

Mrs. David Dubel spent several days recently in Waynesboro.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry S. Plank and family, of Penbrook, spent Sunday at the home of W. C. Plank.

Mr. and Mrs. John Sites, of Oklahoma, are visiting friends and relatives in this community. Mr. and Mrs. Sites went West twelve years ago and this is their first visit home. They were both born and reared in this community. Mrs. Sites' maiden name was, Miss Ellie Herring, a daughter of Abraham Herring, and Mr. Sites is a son of George F. Sites, the well known apple grower.

Mr. and Mrs. Clayton Myers visited Mr. R. Hull and family recently.

Miss Annie Linnacker visited at the home of Jacob Bentzel recently.

Mr. and Mrs. John Sites, Mr. and Mrs. Sherman Sites and son, Lawrence, and George F. Sites spent Friday at the home of M. R. Hull.

Mr. and Mrs. Sherman Sites and son, Lawrence, Mr. and Mrs. John Sites, Mrs. Mary Linn and Miss Amanda Sandoe spent Saturday with J. H. Kugler and family.

Mr. and Mrs. John Sites and Abraham Herring were recent visitors at the home of Eiker Brothers.

Quite a number of people from this locality took advantage of the excursion to Luray Caverns, Virginia, on Saturday.

Retain Jewel of Friendship.

If we have had the good fortune to win the esteem of a friend, let us do anything rather than lose him. We must give and forgive, live and let live. If our friends have faults, we must bear with them. We must hope all things, believe all things, endure all things, rather than lose that most precious of all earthly possessions, a trustworthy friend.

GARRISON WANTS 500,000 MEN TRAINED FOR ARMY OF DEFENSE

Secretary of War Says Citizens With Military Training Are Sufficient.

Compares Wastage of Unprepared Troops With Work of Regulars in Mexican War.

SECRETARY OF WAR LINDLEY M. GARRISON in an article in the Independent recently on "Reasonable Preparation" says that men who have studied the subject with care think a well trained body of 400,000 to 500,000 citizen soldiers, immediately available, together with our permanent force in regular and militia establishments, will give us reasonable guarantee against hostile invasion of our territory.

The main part of the article is aimed at those who oppose any increase in the military preparedness of the country. One of the most striking passages is the reply to those who object to further military preparation on the ground that the United States should set an example to the rest of the world: It reads:

"An all sufficient answer to those who voice such sentiments is present before our eyes today. This nation has surely set the example desired for the 139 years of its existence. A less

of reason, common sense and duty there is a very live, real question, which calls for their best efforts to solve properly.

"It is interesting to observe that even those who shrink from taking military precautions constantly refer to the defensive possibilities possessed by the country in its undeveloped, untrained personnel. In other words, they recognize that in the world, as it exists today, force may become necessary to preserve the most sacred and essential elements of life, but they prefer not to prepare for this possibility and assume or state that when the emergency arises we can develop the resources to meet it.

Preparation Is Economy.

"I do not feel that this is an intelligent way to deal with this great question or that it will appeal to a reasonable mind. So long as force is used in the world those against whom it may be used must reckon upon the possibility, and if they are wise men and intel-



Photo by American Press Association.

SECRETARY OF WAR LINDLEY M. GARRISON.

llectual men and courageous men they will prepare themselves therefore. There must be a clear decision between no preparation and proper preparation. Words have such an unfortunate way of accumulating meanings foreign to their essence that I prefer the words "no precaution" and "reasonable precaution." To many people the use of the word "preparation" conveys the idea of getting ready to do something which one wishes to do, whereas the word "precaution" more nearly describes the state of mind of those who are getting ready to ward off or deal properly with what may come, but against their will and not because of it. Intelligent, clear thinking minds conclude that reasonable precaution should be taken."

Putting the subject on a financial and material basis, Mr. Garrison says that the reasons for precaution are just as cogent. He explains:

"We have always maintained the minimum of military preparation, with the result that whenever we have engaged in war we have suffered the maximum of loss in life and money. In payment of bounties and pensions and other necessary results of importance we have met with the inevitable results of improvidence. A title of the armies, trained and ready for military service, would have made these enormous expenditures unnecessary."

Large Army Not Needed.

Mr. Garrison does not advocate a great increase in the regular army, whose chief purpose is to suppress internal disorders and to deal with questions like that along the Mexican border. He argues:

"It is too little realized how much the avoidance of trouble along our southern border has been due to the perfect discipline and highly proficient training of the men of the regular army."

A small permanent force whose size can be easily determined is enough for this work, according to Mr. Garrison, but he continues:

"But it is a more difficult matter to determine in advance what additional preparation a free state must

make to perform its supreme function of repelling a hostile invader of its territory. It is true that in this case, too, we have had experience, but it has been under such widely divergent conditions that much study is required in order to draw safe conclusions for meeting the conditions of the future. One thing, however, is certain. The experience of the past has demonstrated to any reasoning mind the absolute necessity of proper preparation, whatever may be our individual conclusions as to what is reasonable. We have tried the minimum degree of preparation, and our history is full of its unhappy lessons."

In our first war we enrolled 400,000 untrained men, Mr. Garrison says, but while the country had to endure the cost of maintaining them and the consequent loss of useful production it was seldom able to muster more than about 30,000 men to meet the invader in all parts of our territory. A far



Photo by American Press Association.

MAYOR MITCHELL OF NEW YORK CITY, ONE OF THE MANY WOMEN MEN AT THE STATION CAMP.

smaller, well trained and reliable force under Washington, he says, would undoubtedly have won independence with much less waste and loss of life and money.

In the war of 1812, Mr. Garrison continues, we mustered more than 500,000 untrained men. This method of raising an army, with its reckless extravagance in men, was necessary to meet an enemy whose largest force was about 13,000 men. A thoroughly trained and reliable force one-twentieth of what we actually had enrolled should have decided the war in its early months and prevented the loss that followed.

Small Force Conquered Mexico.

The early part of the Mexican war was carried on by 2,000 trained regulars. The second part was accomplished by a force which never exceeded 13,400 men, while the Mexican capital was captured and the war ended with a trained force of fewer than 6,000. Nevertheless the total number of men enrolled for the war was more than 104,000.

In the civil war the north enrolled nearly 3,000,000. In spite of re-enlistments, Mr. Garrison says, this number is enormous in comparison with the number actually engaged in the campaign of any one year. If any conclusion is to be drawn from this, he says, it is that at the beginning a well trained force, insignificant in numbers in comparison with the ultimate total, might have accomplished the same result in far less time with correspondingly less loss of all kinds. He continues:

"In our latest war we enrolled 275,000 men, of whom the total number actually employed for any useful purpose during the war did not exceed 90,000. The remainder furnished the death and disease roll in camps where troops lived as a useless burden on the government."

After coming to the conclusion that a trained body of 400,000 to 500,000 citizen soldiers, which can be quickly mobilized and completely equipped, would be enough in case of an invasion, provided that the navy and coast defenses were properly maintained, Mr. Garrison continues:

"Hundreds of young men are eagerly coming to our student camps of military instruction. They are there learning no undemocratic or militaristic ideas; they are taught nothing inconsistent with the many virtues of free citizens of the republic, but simply how to render in the most effective way the full measure of devotion which free citizens may give to preserve freedom for those who come after them. We must find a way to impart proper military instruction to a relatively small number of our young men to provide this citizen force of between 400,000 and 500,000."

Mr. Garrison says he is hopeful that reasonable suggestions to this end will meet with the practically unanimous approval of the people of the country.

How to Locate a Ring.
X-ray to be used by Los Angeles district attorney to see if girl swallowed a \$200 stolen diamond ring.

Optimistic Thought.
The beginning of excellence is to be free from error.

WOMAN WITH BABE ON BATTLE LINES

Outwits Sentries and Sees Her Husband in the Trenches.

WON SYMPATHY OF TROOPS

Her Feat in Shipping by Made More Difficult by Cries of Infant—Hid From Officers and Fed by Men on Guard at the Approaches to the Field of Battle.

"I have been on duty at — for five months and no woman has passed by me," said a soldier the other day in telling of his experiences as a sentinel on the outskirts of a village within a stone's throw of the trenches. He described attempts made by wives to visit their soldier husbands in the trenches.

"The only woman who ever outwitted the sentinels along the line was one who had come all the way from Lyons to see her 'tante,' the sentinel said. "She was only a wife of a creature. She carried an infant in her arms and appeared and spoke so well to the commissaire militaire at the station that he let her pass. We on picket duty spotted her immediately and knew 'twas some woman who had brought the baby for his father to see. We hated to forbid her passing, but it had to be done. She coaxed, she pleaded, she sobbed, she reasoned, but we shook our heads and warned her not to tarry. In tears she did turn back, but she did not mean to give up hope after taking an eighteen hour journey with a crying baby."

Outwits Sentinels.

"Sentinels are stationed at every crossroads and bypath, but 'twould be impossible to have a fringe of them through the forest. That little woman thought of this. She picked her way through the trees, avoiding clear spots. She hid when she saw soldiers in the distance, and for hours she sneaked along, guided by the nearness of guns."

"It was the crying of the baby that gave her away. Soldiers preparing meals at night heard the cries and ran and fetched the two. They gave her nourishment. They hid her under a bush, but she had just after daylight she had a short interview with her husband."

"The soldiers who had helped her in her journey, and she made her way back through the woods just as she had reached the camp. It all leaked out, but then 'twas too late to investigate."

"But it was a good joke on us, considering all the sentinels that guard the lines. It only goes to prove that all of us together were not the equal of a woman in craft, cunning, wit and resource."

Weep in Vain.

"The most amazing thing is that of the women of the lower class who tries by hook or by crook to see her husband. She might get ahead of one sentinel, but with several of us at each post we manage to meet her every place. She has explained to the commissaire that she was going on a visit to her aunt, say, at Belfort. When she said 'ma tante' no doubt the commissaire smiled, for he has made out hundreds of such conduits for such so-called nieces. When the train arrives at one station this side of Belfort every one must get out and show papers to the military inspectors, and only soldiers or people who live at Belfort are allowed to proceed. Women must stay in the waiting room and are then returned to their starting point by the first train."

"The women argue, weep, fly in a rage and show all kinds of righteous indignation, but all this is an old story to the guards."

NEW BRITISH NAVAL MEDAL.

Will Be Awarded For Service in Minor Warlike Operations.

King George of England has sanctioned the establishment of a medal to be known as the naval general service medal.

This will be awarded for service in minor naval warlike operations, whether in the nature of belligerency or of police duty, which may be considered of sufficient importance to justify the award of a medal in cases where no other medal would be appropriate.

The BALL of FIRE

By GEORGE RANDOLPH CHESTER

and LILLIAN CHESTER

ILLUSTRATED BY C.D. RHODES

CHAPTER XXIX.

A Vestry Meeting.

There was a strained atmosphere in the vestry meeting from the first. Every member present felt the tension from the moment old Joseph G. Clark walked in with Chisholm. They did not even nod to Rev. Smith Boyd, but took their seats solely in their customary places at the table. Clark, shielding his eyes, as was his wont, against the light which streamed on him from the red robe of the Good Shepherd. The repression was apparent, too, in Rev. Smith Boyd, who rose to address his vestrymen as soon as the late-comers arrived.

"Gentlemen," said he, "I wish to speak to you as the treasury committee, rather than as vestrymen, for it is in the former capacity which you always attend. I am advised that we have been paid for Vedder court."

Chisholm, to whom he directed a gaze of inquiry, nodded his head.

"It is in the Majesty," he stated. "I have plans for its improvement, which I wish to lay before the committee."

"I shall lay my own before them at the same time," went on the rector. "I wish, however, to preface these plans by the statement that I have, so far as I am concerned, relinquished all thought of building the new cathedral."

Nicholas Van Ploon, who had been much troubled of late, brightened and nodded his round head emphatically.

"That's what I say," he declared.

"The decision does not lay in your hands, Doctor Boyd," drawled a nasal voice with an unconcealed sneer in it. It was clean-shaven old Joseph G. Clark, who was not disturbed, in so much as the parting of one hair, by all the adverse criticism of him which had filled column upon column of the daily press for the past few days.

"The rector has never, in the history of Market Square church, been given the control of its finances. He has invariably been hired to preach the gospel."

Sargent, Cunningham, Manning, and even Van Ploon looked at Clark in surprise. He was not given to open reproach. Chisholm manifested no astonishment. He sat quietly in his chair, his fingers idly drumming on the edge of the table, but his mutton-chop beard was pink from the reddening of the skin beneath.

"The present rector of Market Square church means to have a voice in its deliberations so long as he is the rector," announced that young man emphatically, and Jim Sargent looked up at him with a jerk of his head. Rev. Smith Boyd was pale this afternoon, but there was a something shining through his pallor, which made the face alive; and the something was not temper. Rufus Manning clasping his silvery beard with a firm grip, smiled encouragingly at the tall young orator. "I have said that I have, so far as I am concerned, relinquished the building of the cathedral," the rector went on. "For this there are two reasons. The first is that its building will bring us farther away from the very purpose for which the church was founded; the worship of God with an humble and a contrite heart! I am ready to confess that I found, on rigid self-analysis, my leading motive in urging the building of the new cathedral to have been vanity. I am also ready to confess, on behalf of my congregation and vestry, that their leading motive was vanity."

"You have no authority to speak for me," interrupted Chisholm, his mutton-chops now red.

"Splendor is no longer the exclusive property of religion," resumed the rector, paying no attention to the interruption. "If I thought, however, that the building of that cathedral would promote the spread of the gospel in a degree commensurate with the outlay, I would still be opposed to the erection of the building; for the money does not belong to us!"

"Go right on and develop our conscience," approved Manning, smiling up at the old walnut-beamed ceiling with its carved cherub brackets.

"The money belongs to Vedder court," declared the rector; "to the distorted moral cripples which Market Square church, through the accident of commerce, has taken under her wing. Gentlemen, in the recent revelations concerning the vast industrial interests of the world, I have seen the whole blackness of modern corporate methods, and Market Square church is a corporation! I wish to ask you, in how far the Market Square church has been swayed, in its commercial dealings, by moral considerations?"

He paused, and glanced from man to man of his vestry. Sargent and Manning, the former of whom knew his plans and the latter of whom had been waiting for them to mature, smiled at him in perfect accord. Nicholas Van Ploon sat quite placidly, with his hands folded over his cross-stitch vest. Willis Cunningham, stroking his sparse brown Vandike, looked uncomfortable, as if he had suddenly been introduced into a rude brawl; but his eye roved occasionally to Nicholas Van Ploon, who was two generations ahead of him in the acquisition of wealth, by the brilliant process of allowing property to increase in value. Chisholm played

"You'll not find any money which is not tainted," snapped Joseph G. Clark, who regarded money in a strictly impersonal light. "The very dollar you have in your pocket may have come direct from a brothel."

"Or from Vedder court," retorted the rector. "We have brothers there, though we do not officially know it. We have saloons there; and from all these iniquities Market Square church reaps a profit! For the glory of God? I dare you, Joseph G. Clark, or W. T. Chisholm, to answer me that question in the affirmative! No decent man would conduct the business we do, for the reason that it would soil his soul as a gentleman; and it is a shameful thing that a gentleman should have finer ethics than a Christian church!"

In the beginning, I was a coward about this matter! It was because I wished to be rid of our responsibility in Vedder court that I first urged the conversion of that property into a cathedral. We cannot rid ourselves of the responsibility of Vedder court! If it were possible for a church to be sent to hell, Market Square church would be eternally damned if it took this added guilt upon it!"

"This talk is absurd," declared Chisholm. "The city has taken Vedder court away from us."

"Only the property," quickly corrected Rufus Manning, turning to Chisholm with sharpness in his deep blue eyes. "If you will remember, I told you this same thing before Doctor Boyd came to us. I have waited ever since his arrival for him to develop to this point, and I wish to announce myself as solidly supporting his views."

"Your own will not bear inspection!" charged Clark, turning to Manning with a scowl.

"I'll range up at the judgment seat with you!" flamed Manning. "We're both old enough to think about that!"

Joseph G. Clark jumped to his feet and, leaning across the table, shook a thin forefinger at Manning.

"I have been attacked on the point of my moral standing!" he declared, his high-pitched nasal voice quavering with an anger he had held below the explosive point during the most of his life. "I can stand the attacks of a sensational press, but when spiteful criticism follows me into my own vestry, almost in the sacred shadow of the altar itself, I am compelled to protest! I wish to state to this vestry, once and for all, that my moral status is above reproach, and that my conduct has been such as to receive the commendation of my Maker! Because it has pleased the Providence to place in my hands the distribution of the funds of the fields, I am constantly subject to the attacks of envy and malice! It has gone so far that I, last night, received from Rev. Smith Boyd, a request to resign from this vestry!"

He paused in triumph on that, as if he had made against Rev. Smith Boyd a charge of such ghastly infamy that the young rector must shrivel before his eyes.

"I have led a blameless life! I have never smoked nor drunk! I have paid every penny I ever owed and fulfilled every promise I ever made. I have obeyed the gospel and partaken of the sacraments, and the Divine Being has rewarded me abundantly! He has chosen me, because of my faithful stewardship, to gather the food of earth from its sources and feed it to the mouths of the hungry; and I shall not depart from my stewardship in this church, because I am here, as I am everywhere, by the will of God!"

Perhaps W. T. Chisholm was not shocked by this blasphemy, but the dismay of it sat on every other face, even on that of Nicholas Van Ploon, who was compelled to dig deep to find his ethics.

"You infernal old thief!" wondered Manning, recovering from his amazement. "Was it Divine Providence which directed you to devise the scheme whereby the railroads paid you two dollars rebate on every car of wheat you shipped, and a dollar bonus on every car of wheat your competitors shipped? I could give you a string of sins as long as the catechism and you dare not deny one of them, because I can prove them on you! And yet you have the effrontery to say that a Divine Providence would establish you in your monopoly, by such scoundrelly means as you have risen to become the greatest dispenser of self-advertising charities in the world! You propose to ride into heaven on your universities and your libraries, and on the fact that you never smoked nor drank nor swore nor gambled; but when you come face to face with this horrible new god you have created, a deity who would permit you to attain wealth by the vile methods you have used, you will find him with a pitchfork in his hands! I am glad that Doctor Boyd, though knowing your vindictive record, has had bravery enough to demand your resignation from this vestry! I hope he receives it!"

Joseph G. Clark had remained standing, and his head shook, as with palsy, while he listened to the charge of Manning. He was a very old man, and it had been quite necessary for him to restrain his passions throughout his life.

His voice seemed to distract the attention of Clark from Manning, at whom he had been glowering. He turned on Rev. Smith Boyd the remainder of the wrath which marked his first break into senility.

"Gentlemen," said he, "I do not think that we are in a mood today for further discussion. I suggest that we adjourn."

His voice seemed to distract the attention of Clark from Manning, at whom he had been glowering. He turned on Rev. Smith Boyd the remainder of the wrath which marked his first break into senility.

"As for you!" he snarled, "you will keep your fingers out of matters which do not concern you! You were hired to preach the gospel, and you will confine your attention to that occupation, preaching just what you find sanctioned in this book; nothing more, nothing less!" and taking a small volume which lay on the table, he tossed it in front of Rev. Smith Boyd.

It was the Book of Common Prayer containing, in the last pages, the articles of Faith.

Clark seized his hat and coat, and strode out of the door, followed by the red-faced Chisholm, who had also been asked to resign. Nicholas Van Ploon rose, and shook hands with Rev. Smith Boyd.

"Sargent has told me about your plan for the new tenements," he stated. "I am in favor of buying the property."

"We'll swing it for you, Boyd," promised Jim Sargent. "I've been talking with some of the other members, and they seem to favor the idea that the new Vedder court will be a great monument. There'll be no such magnificent charity in the world, and no such impressive sacrifice as giving up that cathedral! I think Cunningham will be with us, when it comes to a vote."

"Certainly," interposed Nicholas Van Ploon. "We don't need to make any profit from those tenements. The normal increase in ground value will be enough."

"Yes," said Cunningham slowly. "I am heartily in favor of the proposition."

"Coming along, doctor?" invited Manning, going for his coat and hat.

"No, I think not," decided Rev. Smith Boyd quietly.

He was sitting at the edge of the table facing the Good Shepherd, at the edge of whose robe sparkled crystalline light, and in his two hands he thoughtfully held the Book of Common Prayer.

(Continued To-morrow)

YOUNG FOLKS' CORNER

Magic Sand Trick.

Did you ever have magic sand in your possession? Except for the color it looks like very ordinary sand, does it not?

While making this remark, the conjurer shows the audience that he has a number of three different colors in the three little bags on the table before him.

There is also a bowl of water on the table. The conjurer then empties the sand from each bag into the water and stirs it up thoroughly with his hand.

"Now, my friends, I am about to take a handful of sand out of this mixture. Which one of the three colors shall I take out first?"

Some one says he would like to have him take out a handful of the blue sand.

"You say the blue sand? Very well," you answer.

Whereupon you put your hand to the basin, take out some sand, squeeze it as though you were trying to dry it, and show the audience the handful of blue sand. After the magician has taken out a handful of each of the three colors to deepen the mystery one of the audience should try for themselves. They, of course, fail. The audience is completely baffled. Here is how the trick is done:

Dye ordinary silver sand three different colors. Then prepare a small quantity of each color by charring over the fire in a pan, with a small piece of tallow or candle wax. Press them into three different molds.

Have one round, for instance, one square and the other oblong. Put a little cake in each of three little bags with some of the unprepared sand of the same color.

Be careful when emptying the sand into the water that the cakes are not noticed by the audience. When some one expresses his desire for a certain color there will be no danger of picking up the wrong one if you remember the shape of each of the colored cakes.

Reamers From Old Drills.

Old twist drills may be converted into taper reamers by softening and turning to the required taper, thus turning to good account old drills, which in consequence of the increasing use of high speed twist drills, rapidly tend to become merely scrap.

Blacksmith and Wheelwright. The direction of revolution of the drilling machine spindle must be reversed, and the grinding, backing off, or relieving of the reamer correspondingly altered, so as to obviate the digging of the flutes of the drill. Reamers made in this way are also useful for reaming holes into fine on general plating work.

His Anxious Query.

At a hospital one day a little boy came into the room to see his mother who was quite ill. He was crying bitterly and, coming over to the bed he looked down at her, saying "Mother, is there any chance for you dying?"

SHOOTING HONOR CHANCES GALORE

Trap Game Offers Many Titles to Amateurs.

OPPORTUNITY KNOCKS OFTEN

Championships Enough to Go Around. But Winning of State or National Titles Requires High Order of Skill.

By Samuel Wesley Long.

"Breathes there a man with soul so dead that never to himself hath said 'I want to be a champion'?"

Fitness, rather than preference, determines the particular firmament in which the aspiring star will shine.

We have stated the rule; there are exceptions, for instance, politics—that's the place that is congested with would-be-to-be's, haswadders, etc. Aspirants for undying fame as a "champion" in the world of politics, so often are men whom the gods have endowed not.

When Sheriff Eugene F. Kinkead of Hudson county, N. J., was called upon a short time ago to quell disorder in his bailiwick he demonstrated the great powers of his ancient and honorable office. The occasion was a strike of workers in the Standard Oil plants at Bayonne, N. J. For a week Sheriff Kinkead was the busiest man in the United States. He settled the strike, getting an advance of wages for the workers, beat up with his fists several of the disturbers and finally arrested more than a hundred of the armed guards who had been engaged to protect the oil works property. These latter were sent to jail pending an investigation that may lead to a charge of murder against them, as several of the strikers were killed.

Born in Jersey City thirty-nine years ago of Irish parentage, Mr. Kinkead was educated at Seton Hall college, South Orange, N. J. Leaving college he settled in his native city and, entering politics, ran for president of the board of aldermen. He was elected and for ten years held the job.

Next he went to congress as a representative of the eighth New Jersey district and was twice returned. Last September the Democratic party of Hudson county decided that the interests of the organization would be best preserved by running a Woodrow Wilson man for sheriff, so Congressman Kinkead was asked to enter the race as candidate for sheriff and head up the ticket that threatened. He ran and, as always before, was elected by a good majority. Friends of the sheriff say that he has a good chance to capture the gubernatorial nomination in 1916.

Chief of Government Wireless.

When Captain W. H. G. Bullard, U. S. N., chief of the naval radio service, took charge of the wireless plant at Annapolis, Md., the only remaining privately operated means of communication between Germany and the United States passed into control of the federal government. It is understood that the government took the station as a precautionary measure, as continued operation by the German officials might constitute a violation of neutrality. Hereafter no code dispatches will be handled unless the officers in charge are provided with the cipher key, and there will be liberal paraphrasing to prevent the possibility of secret codes being used.

Since 1912 Captain Bullard has had entire charge of the wireless department of the navy. Under his direction a chain of high power wireless stations was established. He is considered the highest authority in the service on wireless telegraphy and is the author of standard works on electricity and electrical devices used in the navy. For years he was head of the department of electrical engineering at the Naval academy.

Captain Bullard is a native of Pennsylvania, forty-nine years of age and entered the Naval academy in 1882. He was graduated four years later and taught his present rank in July, 1912.

Daily Thought.

When it comes to the point really good men are just as rare as really good men.—Bernard Shaw.

Optimistic Thought.

Arms are worth little without wisdom at home.

NOTABLES IN THE LIMELIGHT

Eugene F. Kinkead, Sheriff of Hudson County, N. J.



Photo by American Press Association.

When Sheriff Eugene F. Kinkead of Hudson county, N. J., was called upon a short time ago to quell disorder in his bailiwick he demonstrated the great powers of his ancient and honorable office. The occasion was a strike of workers in the Standard Oil plants at Bayonne, N. J. For a week Sheriff Kinkead was the busiest man in the United States. He settled the strike, getting an advance of wages for the workers, beat up with his fists several of the disturbers and finally arrested more than a hundred of the armed guards who had been engaged to protect the oil works property. These latter were sent to jail pending an investigation that may lead to a charge of murder against them, as several of the strikers were killed.

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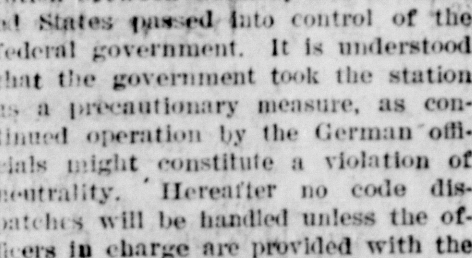
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Optimistic Thought.

Arms are worth little without wisdom at home.

FOR SALE

Farm of the late Wm. J. Appleman situated in Butler Township, containing 67 acres. Desirable as fruit farm. Good buildings.

For terms apply to:
Naomi R Appleman
Admx.

Boarding For Horses and Sheds for teams at Wabash Hotel stables

Jennings Olinger

PUBLIC SALE

OF VALUABLE REAL ESTATE ON FRIDAY, THE 20th DAY OF AUGUST 1915

The undersigned will sell the following real estate:

Tract No. 1. A farm situated in Liberty township. Three miles north west of Emmitsburg and four miles from Fairfield, adjoining lands of E. A. Seabrook, O. Eckenrode, D. Shorb, Pecher Brothers and Ernest Shriver, containing one hundred acres, improved with an eight room, two and one half story weather-boarded log house. Summer house, substantial new barn, 60 x 46 feet. (Built in 1914). Large wagon shed with corn crib attached, hog pen with crib, carriage house, new chicken house, and other out-buildings. A never failing well of water and a cistern. Some fruits of all kinds. This is a nice level farm easy to cultivate. The buildings are located near the center of the farm. One half of purchase price can remain on first mortgage at 5 per cent.

Tract No. 2. Containing eight acres situated in Liberty township, at Oak Grove School-house, adjoining lands of Martin Baker, Cornelius Sanders, Lester Sowers and Pecher Brothers. One half of this land is clear and has a fine young orchard of bearing apple trees. Both tracts will be sold on No. 1. Persons desiring to view the premises can do so by calling on John McLeaf, tenant, or John Boyd, Fairfield.

Sale to begin at 1:30 p. m., when terms and conditions will be made known by

MARY A. BOYD.

FOR SALE

First Class Chestnut rails and hewed Chestnut posts for post fence. Also a lot of fine round Chestnut posts for wire fence. These posts are 5 in. to 6 in. tops. Prices are right.

L. M. BISHOP ORRTANNA.

FOR SALE

Seven Acre lot near Biglerville, all new buildings and a 35 acre farm in Tyrone Township.

Apply **O. A. McCANS ASPERS, PA.**

Biglerville High School

Fits boys and girls for useful, sane, and successful living and gives thorough preparation for Normal School and College work.

All Applicants will confer a favor by dropping a card in order that satisfactory accommodations may be arranged.

All applicants and those desiring information write to **RA C. MUMMERT Prin.** OPENS SEPTEMBER 6, 1915

I will be in Gettysburg at Pen Myer's Jewelry store every TUESDAY to examine eyes and fit glasses

W. H. DINKLE, Graduate of Optic.

FOR SALE

From Aug. 18 to October 1st

J. H. HOFFMAN, FAIRFIELD, ROUTE 2

United Phone 629 F

Horse For Sale

Eight years old. Work wherever hitched fearless of all objects

Washington Horner

25 Steinwehr Ave. GETTYSBURG, PA

FESTIVAL

St. John's Reformed Church of New Chester will hold a Festival on

Sat. Eve. August 21st. 1915

Everybody Invited

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Everybody Invited

TRANSPORT SUNK, DEAD UNKNOWN 1000 LIVES LOST

British Troop Ship Torpedoed
by Submarine.

FIRST OF KIND DESTROYED

800 Were Saved Out of 1382 Troops
and 300 Others Carried by the
Royal Edward.

London, Aug. 18.—The British transport Royal Edward has been torpedoed and sunk by a German submarine.

Announcement to this effect was made officially. Six hundred men were saved out of 1382 officers and troops and 220 other persons on board.

The disaster occurred last Saturday in the Aegean, while the Royal Edward was carrying troops to the Dardanelles.

The admiralty's announcement says:

"The British transport Royal Edward was sunk by an enemy submarine in the Aegean last Saturday morning. According to the information at present available, the transport had on board thirty-two military officers and 1350 troops, in addition to the ship's crew of 220 officers and men.

"The troops consisted mainly of reinforcements for the Twenty-ninth division and details of the Royal Army Medical Corps.

"Full information has not yet been received, but it is known that about 600 have been saved."

The destruction of the Royal Edward is the first German achievement of the kind so far recorded. German U-boats have been torpedoing several battleships, having done especially great damage in the Dardanelles, but transports have so far escaped.

On the other hand British submarines have been notably successful against Turkish transports, having caused such terror that water transportation for the troops from Constantinople to the Gallipoli peninsula has been abandoned.

Sunk in Seven Minutes.

Constantinople, Aug. 18.—Official announcement was made that a German submarine had torpedoed and sunk the British transport Royal Edward, off the Dardanelles. The transport was destroyed by a single torpedo, sinking in seven minutes after it was struck. The loss of life is believed to have been heavy, though other vessels helped pick up the survivors.

RECEIVER FOR MO. PACIFIC

Systems Agree to Appointment of B. F. Bush, of St. Louis.
St. Louis, Aug. 18.—Benjamin F. Bush, president and chairman of the boards of the Missouri Pacific and of the St. Louis, Iron Mountain and Southern Railways, was appointed sole receiver of the two lines by Circuit Judge Adams at Woodstock, Va.

Edward J. White, general solicitor of the Missouri Pacific system, was appointed counsel to the receiver and George C. Hitchcock, a St. Louis lawyer, was appointed master.

It developed that the purpose of the receivership is to make possible an early financial reorganization of the company.

STOLE RUG FROM HOTEL

"Broke." Guest at Large Hostelry
Carries Off Floor Covering.

Atlantic City, Aug. 18.—Caught walking up Michigan avenue with an Oriental rug valued at \$1200 on his shoulder, George Crockett, of Portland, Ore., was arrested.
He admitted he had walked into the salaried of a hotel, watched his opportunity, grabbed the rug and then tossed it out of a window, later taking it away.

Crockett said he had "gone broke" in two days here, spending all his vacation money, \$200. He had been a guest at the hotel.

President Names Judges.

Washington, Aug. 18.—President Wilson appointed Samuel Alschuler, of Illinois, a judge of the United States seventh circuit court. William E. Whitney, of Hawaii, was appointed a judge in the first circuit court of Hawaii, and William W. Russell was appointed American minister to the Dominican republic.

Woman Hit by Bolt, Blind Half Hour.
Harrisburg, Pa., Aug. 18.—Mrs. Clark Bowen was rendered temporarily blind by a stroke of lightning in her home. She was hurled to the floor remaining unconscious for ten minutes. Mrs. Bowen was totally blind for half an hour and then gradually recovered her eyesight. It is thought that she will recover.

Storm Inundates Scranton.
Scranton, Aug. 18.—Several thousand dollars' damage was done in the city by one of the worst rain storms ever recorded by the local weather bureau. Central city streets were covered with water to a depth of several feet. In thirty-three minutes 1 and 18-100ths of an inch of water fell.

What a Man Eats Every Year.
It is estimated that the average man consumes a ton of solid and liquid food every year.

DEAD UNKNOWN IN GALVESTON

All Structures on Water Front
Destroyed.

San Antonio, Tex., Aug. 18.—By wireless to Fort Sam Houston from the army transport Buford, in Galveston harbor:

"Water in buildings about three feet. All buildings and structures of every nature along water front are ruined. Many boats have been greatly damaged or destroyed.

"The army transport McClellan is high and dry a half mile inland. The number of lives lost is unknown. There has been great pecuniary damage."

This message indicates the water has receded two feet in about three hours, as a message received earlier stated that the water stood five feet in many streets and buildings.

"Galveston has passed through one of the worst storms within fifteen years, and now is ready to repair the damage done by the hurricanes.

"Five feet of water stands in the city and is slowly draining off. Two fires started and are yet to be placed under control.

"The transport McClellan broke from its moorings and drifted half a mile out to sea. The commercial wireless station at Port Arthur is out of commission, and the big aerial masts at Fort Crockett here are down."

Motor Licenses Pass 150,000.

Harrisburg, Aug. 18.—The state of Pennsylvania has issued 150,011 automobile licenses, an increase of 37,616 over the number issued last year. For these licenses the state treasury took in \$1,577,543, which goes to the state highway bureau for maintenance of roads. License No. 150,000 was issued to State Senator Edwin H. Vane, of Philadelphia.

Man Hit by His Own Motor.

Berwick, Pa., Aug. 18.—Struck by his own automobile, James Case, of Nescopeck received serious injuries. Case encountered engine trouble and pulling to one side of the road, stopped for repairs. A machine owned by Richard Briggs, of Bloomsburg, came along and side-swiped Mr. Case's car, swinging it around in the road and hurling its owner several feet.

Gunboat Sacramento Safe.

New Orleans, Aug. 18.—The United States gunboat Sacramento is expected to reach New Orleans. She entered the Passes and was proceeding slowly to the north at the last advices. The Sacramento has aboard the Brazilian minister to Mexico and his family.

GENERAL MARKETS

PHILADELPHIA — FLOUR quiet; winter clear, \$4.90@5.15; city mills, fancy, \$7.30@7.40.

WHEAT — FLOUR quiet, at \$4.75@5 per barrel.

WHEAT steady; No. 2 red, new, \$1.14@1.16.

CORN firm; No. 2 yellow, 90¢@91¢.

OATS quiet; No. 2 white, 70¢, lower grades, 65¢.

POULTRY: Live steady; hens, 16¢@18¢; old roosters, 11¢@12¢.

Dressed steady; choice fowls, 15¢; old roosters, 12¢.

BUTTER quiet; fancy creamery, 28¢@29¢ per lb.

EGGS steady; selected, 28¢@29¢; nearby, 26¢; western, 25¢.

LIVE STOCK: HOGS steady; mixed and butchers, \$6.25@7.75; good heavy, \$6.40@7.30; rough heavy, \$6@6.30; light, \$7@7.80; pigs, \$5.50@7.25; bulk, \$6.20@7.30.

CATTLE 10¢@15¢ higher; heifers, \$6.50@10.40; cows and heifers, \$3.10@9; Texans, \$6.40@7.75; calves, \$9@11.75.

SHEEP steady; native and western, \$5.90@6.65; lambs, \$6.75@8.65.

FOUND!

THE THOUSANDTH WOMAN!

FOUND!

Behold, This Have I Found
Saith the Preacher,

One man among a thousand have I found;
but a woman among all those have I not
found. Ecclesiastes 7: 27, 28.

Counting One By One To
Find Out The Account:

What King Solomon in his wisdom could not do has been
done by one of the most entertaining English writers of fiction in

The Thousandth Woman

By

Ernest W. Hornung

Author of

"Raffles," "The Amateur Cracksman," Etc

Liveliest
of Serials

Most Real
of Novels

Mr. Hornung has not been on such happy ground since he deserted Raffles. He has wrought a little masterpiece with only four characters in the cast. The story is so compact, so tense and vigorous in its rapid action, so strong yet restrained in its love passages, that it leaves the impression of cumulative force and

What the
One Woman
Will Do

length. And the woman! No more tender, beautiful or more lovably human girl could be dreamed of than the bonny Blanche Macnair. Her sad wonder that her childhood's friend holds back from the evident

What the
Others Will
Not Do

happiness that his love for her has only to ask to have, her splendid loyalty to him when he stood in the shadow of a crime with all the evidence in the world dead against him---oh, you'll like Blanche Macnair. And you'll like Cazalet and Toye, too. But read the story.

It Is Probably The Last Serial in Our Summer Series

First Installment in a Few Days.

FOUND!

THE THOUSANDTH WOMAN!

FOUND!

DOINGS OF THE VAN LOONS



Yes, indeed! Angeline knows a thing or two

"I TOLD YOU NOT TO ORDER ANYTHING FROM A CATALOGUE HOUSE"



HAVE YOU EVER GOT ANYTHING FROM US THAT WENT WRONG ON WHICH WE DID NOT MAKE GOOD? NOT ON YOUR SWEET LIFE. WHEN WE SELL YOU, YOU SEE WHAT YOU BUY BEFORE YOU BUY IT: YOU KNOW IT SUITS YOU: YOU HAVE NO HIGH FREIGHT TO PAY: YOU GET IT THE DAY YOU WANT IT. DON'T BUY FROM US "TO KEEP OUR MONEY AT HOME," BUT BECAUSE YOU CAN BUY BETTER STUFF FOR LESS MONEY THAN BY SENDING AWAY.

G. W. WEAVER & SON

FOR SALE

About 700 bushels of corn in the ear 90 cents a bushel.

C. P. BREAN

FAIRFIELD, PA.

LIGHTNING RODS

To the public: any one wanting new lightning rods of almost any make, (cable or copper twisted) or rods repaired at reasonable prices call on either phone.

H. E. RIDDLEMOSE, McKnightstown

Also sell and install the famous Air motor wind pumps

LADIES TRIMMED HATS

Half Price and Less

Our policy carry none over the season. All must be sold regardless of price during next 30 days. Drop in and get a bargain for \$1.00 or \$2.00 Panamas \$1.98. Now showing Pink and White Felt Hats worth \$2.50, early price \$1.95.

SMITH HAT SHOP

Chambersburg St. Gettysburg

PENPED IN

By WILLIAM CHANDLER

There is an infinite number of islands in the Pacific ocean, and there is a diversity of condition among the inhabitants of the different islands. Fifty years ago, I knew more about them than I do now. When I was a boy of eighteen I shipped on a small steam vessel running from San Francisco among these islands, trading by the way. The captain, Simpson, was then quite an old man and had sailed among them for a number of years. He knew the character of the people of the different islands and told us that, while most of them were approachable, there were a few at which he would not care to touch unless with a numerous crew and with plenty of arms and ammunition.

During one of our voyages we had had luck from the start. Our crew was a small one when we left San Francisco. Two men were taken ill within a week after we left, and both died. Another fell down an open hatchway, and still another was washed overboard and lost.

We had passed the Hawaiian and crossed the equator not far from the international date line when we struck a northeast that drove us on to a point directly north of the Fiji. During the storm we shipped a sea that drove one man headforemost against the bulwarks and washed another one overboard. This left us the captain, the mate and three seamen. Hardly had the storm blown itself out when something about the firebox gave out and we were obliged to let the fire go down in order to find out what it was. We had sail enough to keep steering way, but no more.

Just before the captain gave the order to put out the fires I noticed him looking intently at an island lying off our port bow and heard him tell the mate that he believed it to be one from which on a previous voyage he had narrowly escaped with his life. Having found the natives bent on plunder and ready to strike any weak crew that came within their reach, he did not relish the idea of putting out the fires in that locality.

However, there was no choice in the matter, and when the firebox had cooled down to an examination, went into it for an examination. Unfortunately the wind was blowing straight toward the island. Presently we saw a number of canoes coming out from the shore. The captain looked grave. Under sail we couldn't make four knots, and we were too few to defend ourselves against the swarm of dusky men who were coming for us. The mate suggested that they were only coming out for trade or to beg and wouldn't harm us. The captain said he knew better; they would murder us, take what they wanted and either get the ship to the shore or sink her.

The only chance there seemed to be for us was to hide. We all went down and got into the firebox, where a man was working, and closed the door. The hatch fell and could be opened only from the outside. But this didn't trouble us, for the man who had been at work had his tools, and when we waited to get out it would be possible for him to bore a hole near the hatch so that it could be lifted.

The furnace room was pretty dark, and since we all packed ourselves in the far end of the firebox we were not likely to be seen except by a pair of first rate eyes. We waited in suspense till we heard men tramping

about above. They must have been surprised to find the vessel deserted, but delighted as well, considering that there was much plunder for them. We heard them everywhere, evidently collecting what they wanted. The door of the firebox was opened twice, but whoever opened it shut it again without taking the trouble to make an examination.

The visitors remained on board till we began to feel the vessel rolling considerably; then the sounds suddenly ceased. It was evident that the sea was getting rough, and they did not dare stay longer. Then Captain Simpson directed the man who had been repairing the firebox to drill a hole so that the hatch could be lifted.

Boring a hole in wood and iron are two different things. The one can be done in seconds; the other may take hours. The man had been drilling some time when we began to feel water on the firebox floor. Bringing the light the workman had with him, and by which he was drilling, to bear on the floor, we saw water trickling in at several points.

Every man of us paled. The ship had been scuttled, and we were penned in to be carried to the bottom.

The man who was drilling had splendid nerve. He did not lose his head, but kept steadily on, conscious of the fact that he must make an opening before the ship sank and not knowing how soon she would sink. When he was nearly through, removing his drill and putting in a steel implement, he hammered it through. In a few minutes he inserted his fingers and lifted the hatch.

The water had made considerable headway, but not so much but that it could be seen pouring through an auger hole in the side. We plugged it and, rushing on deck, saw that we had been blown past the island and were drifting away from it. Then we managed the pumps for awhile, completed the work in the firebox and in due time were once more steaming safely on.

FARM FOR SALE

110 Acres in Cumberland T. anchip, 2 miles from Harney, 10 Acres Timber, 1000 ft. high state of cultivation; running water, well fenced. 9 Room Brick house and Summer House. Cement walks, Bank Barn 50 x 74 and Steer shed; water system to all buildings, a model farm, price \$6,500, terms to suit purchaser. Inquire

RUNK & PECKMAN,

Gettysburg, Pa.

THE WESTERN MARYLAND RAILWAY

Schedule Effective Sunday, June 20, 1915.

Daily, leave 6:30 a. m., for Baltimore, stopping at New Oxford and Hanover.

Daily except Sunday, leave 9:39 a. m., for York and intermediate stations.

Daily, 5:51 p. m., for Baltimore, York and intermediate stations. No connection for York on Sunday.

Daily, 10:16 a. m., for Hagerstown, and intermediate stations and he West.

Daily except Sunday 6:56 p. m. for Hagerstown and intermediate stations.

Daily, 11:22 p. m., for Hagerstown, Cumberland and Pittsburgh.

PUBLIC SALE

On SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 11, 1915

The undersigned intending to quit farming will offer at public sale on his premises, 1 mile North of Wewersville, the following described personal property, viz:

TWO HEAD OF HORSES—1 dark bay mare 16 years old, good worker and fearless of all road objects. No. 2 light bay mare, good worker, 10 years old.

2 GOOD COWS, Brindle cow carrying her fourth calf, due in March, black cow has had her third calf, these are large cows and good butter makers. 2 calves 6 mos. old, both heifers; 5 SHOATS, will weigh from 40 to 80 pounds.

FARMING IMPLEMENTS—1 wagon, 24 in. tread, in good order, one 14 in. tread wagon, both 2-horse wagons, 1 new spring wagon, 1 old one, 2 buggies, 1 falling-top home-made runabout, Pennsylvania low down grain drill, good as new, Milwaukee mower, 5 ft. cut, in good running order, 2 cultivators, Oliver chisel plow, Syracuse spring harrow, spider plow, HARNESS—2 sets front gears, 3 bridles, 14 collars, 2 sets single harness complete, riding bridle, flynets, 3 halters, dung and pitch forks, log, tie, butt, breast and cow chains, 2 shovels, 2 digging irons, 2 ladders, one 24 the other 16 ft. long, set of hay carriages 16 ft. long, lot of lumber, boards and plank, lot of poplar boards 4 in. thick, 12 ft. long, 6 in. wide, grain cradle, Lower make and a good one, 33 yrs. old and never was broken, scythe and snath, brush scythe, grind stone, Handy cutting box, No. 1, broad ax, foot ax, 2 cross-cut saws, 1-man cross-cut saw, 2 meat barrels.

HOUSEHOLD GOODS: Good Light House cook stove with tank, Sharpless separator in good order, corner cupboard, safe, side board, sink, 1-2 doz. plank bottom chairs, 2 rocking chairs, Morris chair, large looking glass, churn and butter, lot of canned fruit, potatoes, by the bu., large chest, 2 bedsteads, three 5-gal. stone jars, couch, 35-gal. copper kettle and ring, 5-gal. brass kettle and ring, dishes, pots, pans, center table, library and desk combined, and other articles too numerous to mention.

ALSO at the same time the Property will be offered for sale, consisting of a LOT OF GROUND situated and described as follows:—

CONTAINING THIRTY-FOUR ACRES Adjoining lands of Wm. A. Smith on the South, Wm. L. Warren on the West, and on the North and East by State Forest land, improved with a 2-STORY WEATHERBOARDED HOUSE, 22x24 ft., with large porch and wash house combined, bank barn 38x42 ft., hog pen 14x20, buggy house, good wood house, 2 never-failing springs on the place, were never known to be dry. One only 60 feet from the house.

Sale to begin at 1 o'clock, P. M., on said day, when terms and conditions will be made known by

Taylor, Auctioneer,
Gettysburg, Pa.

LADIES! Darken Your Gray Hair

Use Grandma's Sage Tea and Sulphur Recipe and No body will know.

The use of Sage and Sulphur for restoring faded, gray hair to its natural color dates back to grandmother's time. She used it to keep her hair beautifully dark, glossy and abundant. Whenever her hair fell out or took on that dull, faded or streaked appearance, this simple mixture was applied with wonderful effect.

But brewing at home is messy and out-of-date. Nowadays, by asking at any drug store for a 50 cent bottle of "Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Hair Remedy," you will get this famous old recipe which can be depended upon to restore natural color and beauty to the hair and is splendid for dandruff, dry, feverish, itchy scalp and falling hair.

A well-known downtown druggist says it darkens the hair so naturally and evenly that nobody can tell it has been applied. You simply dampen a sponge or soft brush with it and draw this through your hair, taking one strand at a time. By morning the gray hair disappears, and after another application or two, it becomes beautifully dark, glossy, soft and abundant.

DR. M. T. DILL DENTIST

BIGLERVILLE PA

Will be at York Springs Wednesday of Each Week
Sellersville Friday of Each Week



WATCH

This Space for Announcement of

Dr. Hudson's Lectures on The Horse

Throughout Adams County.

Schools Will Soon Open

We are offering a great line of boy's school suits of the finest fabrics and colors. Price range from \$1.95 up to \$8.00. These suits are made in the very latest styles with Norfolk coats and full peg top pants. They are designed by artistic designers and made by skillful workmen.

SCHOOL SHOES

Boys and girls, 98 cents, \$1.28, \$1.48, \$1.78, \$1.98.

O. H. LESTZ,

Cor. Square & Carlisle St.

Gettysburg.

Big Stock Show and Carnival

GREIST'S PARK, YORK SPRINGS, PA.

SATURDAY, AUGUST 21st., 1915

There will be a large exhibition of Horses, Cattle, Hogs, Poultry, etc. Entries are free and stock will also be cared for free of charge on day of exhibition. There will be four classes of racing, running race, foot race. First and second premiums in all classes.

Big Base Ball Game at 1 o'clock

YORK SPRINGS vs. SHIPPENSBURG.

ADMISSION 10 and 15 CENTS.

COMMITTEE.

A WAY, ON YOUR VACATION?

Let the TIMES follow you. A telephone call giving us your address will insure the daily message from home AT NO EXTRA CHARGE.

It will go to a different address every day—if you say so. We attend to the change and are glad to do it.

Hallock's High Grade Fertilizers

FOR SALE BY

E. S. KELLY

58 York street,

Gettysburg

Get my prices before purchasing.

SUMMER REUNION

KNIGHTS OF COLUMBUS

Thursday, AUGUST 19.

Meet the "Knights" in the Daytime on top of the Blue Ridge Mountain.

Train Leaves Gettysburg 9:05 A. M. Returning Leaves New Pen-Mar Park 7:00 P. M.

Round Trip 70C.

WESTERN MARYLAND RAILWAY.

The Tail Wagged the Dog

Many manufacturers have been induced to take up newspapers as supplemental advertising.

After awhile they discovered that "the tail was wagging the dog."

In other words, the "newspapers were selling the goods."

Newspapers need no co-operative advertising to make them reach customers with their message.

They constitute a complete campaign in themselves.

They create consumer demand and dealer influence at the same time.

They sell the goods.